(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date 20 June 2002 (20.06.2002)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 02/48117 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: . . C07D 239/90, 401/06, 471/04, 417/14, 401/14, 409/14, 403/06, A61K 31/517, A61P 25/00

(21) International Application Number: PCT/JP01/10601

(22) International Filing Date: 5 December 2001 (05.12.2001)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:
PR2016 11 December 2000 (11.12.2000) AU

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): FUJI-SAWA PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD. [JP/JP]; 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): MATSUOKA, Nobuya [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7. Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). IWASHITA, Akinori [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku. Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). YAMAZAKI, Shunji-[JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). MIYAKE, Hiroshi [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). OHKUBO, Mitsuru [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). KAMIJO, Kazunori [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). NAKAN-ISHI, Isao [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). HATTORI, Kouji [JP/JP]; c/o

Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). KIDO, Yoshiyuki [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). ISHIDA, Junya [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP). YAMAMOTO, Hirofumi [JP/JP]; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., 4-7, Doshomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-8514 (JP).

(74) Agent: TABUSHI, Eiji; c/o Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Osaka Factory, 1-6, Kashima 2-chome, Yodogawa-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 532-8514 (JP).

- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

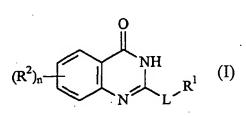
Published:

- with international search report
- before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: QUINAZOLINONE DERIVATIVES





(57) Abstract: A quinazolinone derivatives having poly(adenosine 5'-diphaspho-ribose)polymerase (PARP) inhibotory activity represented by the formula (I), wherein \mathbb{R}^1 is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group, \mathbb{R}^2 is substituent, n means an integer from 0 to 4, and L is lower akkylene or lower alkenylene, or its prodrug, or their salts.

DESCRIPTION

QUINAZOLINONE DERIVATIVES

5 Technical Field

This invention relates to novel quinazolinone derivatives having pharmacological activity, to a process for their production and to a pharmaceutical composition containing the same.

10 Background Art

Poly(adenosine 5'-diphaspho-ribose)polymerase ["poly(ADP-ribose)polynerase" or "PARP", which is also sometimes called "PARS" for "poly(ADP-ribose)synthetase"] is an enzyme located in the nuclei of cells of various organs, including muscle, heart and brain cells. PARP plays a physiological role in the repair of strand breaks in DNA. Once activated by damaged DNA fragments, PARP catalyzes the attachment of up to 100 ADP-ribose units to a variety of nuclear proteins, including histones and PARP itself.

Some quinazolinone derivatives having inhibitory activity of PARP have been known, for example, in WO95/24379, WO98/33802 and WO99/11624.

20 Disclosure of the Invention

This invention relates to novel quinazolinone compounds, which have pharmaceutical activity such as PARP inhibiting activity, to a process for their production, to a pharmaceutical composition containing the same and to a use thereof.

One object of this invention is to provide the novel quinazolinone compounds, which have a PARP inhibiting activity.

Another object of this invention is to provide a process for production of the quinazolinone compounds.

A further object of this invention is to provide a pharmaceutical composition containing the quinazolinone compound as an active ingredient.

Still further object of this invention is to provide a use of the quinazolinone compound for manufacturing a medicament for treating or preventing various diseases, or a method of treating or preventing various diseases by administering the quinazolinone compound in an effective amount to inhibit PARP activity.

Thus, the present invention provides the following.

35 [1] A compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH
 R^1

5

30

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

10 L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

or its prodrug, or their salts.

- [2] The compound according to [1], wherein
 R² is halogen, nitro, amino, acylamino, aryl(lower)alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, acyl, or cyclic amino group optionally
 substituted with lower alkyl.
- [3] The compound according to [2], wherein
 R¹ is (1) cyclic amino group optionally substituted with one or more substituent(s)
 selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, amino, oxo, lower
 alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl(lower)alkyl, aryl(lower)alkynyl, acyl, lower
 alkylsulfonyl, optionally substituted heteroaryl and optionally substituted aryl, or (2)
 amino optionally substituted with 1 or 2 substituent(s) selected from the group
 consisting of lower alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(lower)alkyl, aryl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl and
 aryl(lower)alkyl optionally substituted with aryl or aryloxy.
- [4] The compound according to [3], wherein
 R¹ is cyclic amino group optionally substituted with optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted aryl.
 - [5] The compound according to [4], wherein R¹ is cyclic amino group with saturated or unsaturated monocyclic group with one or more nitrogen atom(s), which is substituted with optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted aryl.
 - [6] The compound according to [5], wherein R¹ is tetrahydropyridyl, piperidyl or piperazinyl, each of which is substituted with optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted aryl.
- [7] The compound according to any one of [4], [5] and [6], wherein substituent(s) of optionally substituted heteroaryl is lower alkyl, halogen, cyano or acyl, or

substituent(s) of optionally substituted aryl is halogen, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, nitro, amino, lower alkyl, hydroxy(lower)alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl thio, halo(lower)alkyl, lower alkylamino, acylamino, halo(lower)alkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, or acyl.

- 5 [8] The compound according to [3], wherein

 R¹ is cyclic amino groups with saturated and unsaturated fused cyclic groups, which is substituted with optionally substituted lower alkyl.
 - [9] The compound according to any one of [4], [5], [6], [7] and [8], wherein L is trimethylene.
- 10 [10] The compound according to [9], which is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) 5-chloro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (2) 2-{3-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
- 15 (3) 8-methyl-2-{3-[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (4) 8-chloro-2-{3-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (5) 8-chloro-2-{(1E)-3-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]-1-propenyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (6) 8-Chloro-2-{[4-(4-pyridinyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl] propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (7) 2-{3-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (8) 2-{3-[4-(4-pyridyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
- 25 (9) 2-[3-(1,4,5,6-Tetrahydrobenzo[f]isoquinolin-3(2H)-yl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone, and
 - (10) 8-methyl-2-[3-(1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[3,4-b]indol-2-yl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone.
 - [11] A process for preparing a compound of the formula:

 $(R^2)_n$ NH R^1

20

30

35

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted

amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

or its prodrug, or their salts, which comprises,

(1) reacting the formyl group of the compound (II) of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH NH L^1 CHO

or its aminal derivative, or their salt, and imino group of the compound (IV) of the formula:

15 R¹-H

10

20

25

35

or its salt, in the presence of a reducing agent to provide a compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH NH

or its salt, in the above formulae,

R¹, R², n and L are each as defined above, and L¹ is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene delating a methylene group from the end of the one defined in L, or

(2) subjecting the compound (III) of the following formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 N
 $CONH_2$
 R^1

or its salt, to cyclization reaction in the presence of base to provide a compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH NH R^1

or its salt, in the above formurae,

R¹, R², n and L are each as defined above.

[12] A pharmaceutically composition comprising a compound of the formula:

$$(\mathbb{R}^2)_n$$
 NH
 \mathbb{R}^1

5

10

15

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

or its prodrug, or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective for inhibiting PARP activity.

- [13] The pharmaceutical composition of [12] for treating or preventing diseases ascribed by NMDA- and NO-induced toxicity.
- [14] The pharmaceutical composition of [12] for extending the lifespan or proliferative
 capacity of cells or altering gene expression of senescent cells
 - [15] The pharmaceutical composition of [13] for treating or preventing tissue damage resulting from cell damage or death due to necrosis or apoptosis; neural tissue damage resulting from ischemia and reperfusion injury, neurological disorders and neurodegenerative diseases; neurodegenerative diseases; head trauma; stroke;
- Alzheimer's disease; Perkinson's disease; epilepsy; Amyotrophic Lateral Scleosis (ALS); Huntington's disease; schizopherenia; chronic pain; ischemia and nloss following hypoxia, hypoglycemia; ischemia; trauma; nervous insult; previously ischemic heart or skeleton muscle tissue; radiosensitizing hypoxic tumor cells; tumor cells from recovering from potentially lethal damage of DNA after radiation therapy;
- skin aging; atheroscleosis; osteoarthritis; osteoporosis; muscular dystrophy; degenerative diseases of skeletal muscle involving replicative senescence; age-related macular degeneration; immune senescence; AIDS; and other immune senescencediseases; inflammatory bowel disorders (e.g., colitis); arthritis; diabetes; endotoxic shock; septic shock; and tumor.
- 35 [16] A method of inhibiting PARP activity comprising administering a compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH NH L R^1

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

or its prodrug, or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective for inhibiting PARP activity.

15

5

10

The quinazolinone compounds of this invention can be represented by the following formula (I):

$$(R^2)_n \xrightarrow{NH} R^1$$

[wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group, R² is substituent, n means an integer from 0 to 4, and L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene.] or its prodrug, or their salt.

The compound (I) or its prodrug, or their salt can be prepared by the following processes. In the following formulae, compounds may be prodrugs or their salts.

30

Process 1

5

[wherein, R¹, R², n and L are each as defined above, and L¹ is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene delating a methylene group from the end of the lower alkylene defined in L]

In this process the compound (I) can be produced by reacting the formyl group of the compound (II) and imino or amino group of the compound (IV) in the presence of a reducing agent such as sodium cyanoborohydride, sodium borohydride, lithium cyanoborohydride, borane, diethylsilane, catalytic reduction with Raney nickel, or the like. This reaction preferably carried out in the acidic condition, such as the presence of acid 15 (e.g., acetic acid, hydrogen chloride, trifluoroacetic acid).

The reaction is usually carried out in a conventional solvent such as water, an alcohol (e.g., methanol, ethanol or isopropyl alcohol), ether (e.g., tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, diethylether), amide (e.g., N,N-dimethylformamide, N,N-dimethylacetamide), nitrile (e.g., acetonitrile), or any other organic solvent which does not adversely affect the reaction.

20 The reaction may be usually carried out under cooling to heating since the reaction temperature is not critical.

Process 2

$$(R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{CONH_{2}} R^{1}$$

$$(III)$$
or its salt
$$(R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{(R^{2})_{n}} R^{2}$$

$$(R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{(I)} R^{1}$$
or its salt

30 [wherein, R¹, R², n and L are each as defined above.]

In this process, the compound (I) can be produced by subjecting the compound (III) to cyclization reaction in the presence of base, such as inorganic bases, for example, an alkali metal [e.g., sodium or potassium], alkoxide, hydroxide, carbonate or bicarbonate thereof, or organic bases such as a trialkylamine [e.g., trimethylamine or triethylamine] or the like.

The reaction is usually carried out in a conventional solvent such as water, an

alcohol (e.g., methanol, ethanol or isopropyl alcohol), ether (e.g., tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, diethylether), amide (e.g., N,N-dimethylformamide, N,N-dimethylacetamide), nitrile (e.g., acetonitrile), or any other organic solvent which does not adversely affect the reaction.

The reaction may be usually carried out under cooling to heating since the reaction temperature is not critical.

Process 3

10 X
$$R^1$$
 R^2 R^2 R^2 R^3 R^4 R^4

[wherein, X is leaving group, R^2 is cyclic amino group, R^1 , n and L are each as defined 15 above.]

In this process, the compound (I-a) or its salts can be produced by reacting the compound (IV) or its salt and compound (V) in the presence of base, such as inorganic bases, for example, an alkali metal [e.g., sodium or potassium], alkoxide, hydroxide, carbonate or bicarbonate thereof, or organic bases such as a trialkylamine [e.g., 20 trimethylamine or triethylamine] or the like.

The reaction is usually carried out in a conventional solvent such as an alcohol (e.g., methanol, ethanol or isopropyl alcohol), ether (e.g., tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, diethylether), amide (e.g., N,N-dimethylformamide, N,N-dimethylacetamide), nitrile (e.g., acetonitrile), or any other organic solvent which does not adversely affect the reaction.

25 The reaction may be usually carried out under cooling to heating since the reaction

25 The reaction may be usually carried out under cooling to heating since the reaction temperature is not critical.

Process 4

30
$$O_2N$$
 N
 $Reduction$
 N
 $Reduction$
 N
 R_1
 R_2
 R_1
 R_2
 R_1
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_4

35 [wherein, R1, n and L are each as defined above.]

In process 4, the compound (I-c) or its salt can be prepared by subjecting a

compound (I-b) or its salt to reduction.

The reduction is carried out by chemical reduction, catalytic reduction, or the like. Suitable reducing agents to be used in chemical reduction are a combination of metal [e.g. tin, zinc, iron, etc.] or metallic compound [e.g. chromium chloride, chromium acetate, etc.] and an organic or inorganic acid [e.g. formic acid, acetic acid, propionic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, etc.]. Suitable catalysts to be used in catalytic reduction are conventional ones such as platinum catalyst [e.g. platinum, platinum black, platinum oxide, etc.], palladium catalyst [e.g. palladium oxide, palladium on carbon, etc.], nickel catalyst [e.g. reduced nickel, nickel oxide, Raney nickel, etc.], or the like.

The reduction is usually carried out in a conventional solvent which does not adversely influence the reaction such as water, an alcohol [e.g. methanol, ethanol, propanol, etc.], N,N-dimethylformamide, or a mixture thereof. Additionally, in case that the above-mentioned acids to be used in chemical reduction are in liquid, they can also be used as a solvent. The reaction temperature of this reduction is not critical and the reaction is usually carried out under cooling to warming.

The compound of the present invention can be purified by any conventional purification methods employed for purifying organic compounds, such as recrystallization, column chromatography, thin-layer chromatography, high-performance liquid chromatography and the like. The compounds can be identified by conventional methods such as NMR spectrography, mass spectrography, IR spectrography, elemental analysis, and measurement of melting point.

Some of the starting compounds (II) or (III) are novel and can be prepared by the well-known processes or its analogous processes, for example, the processes described in the J. Med. Chem. 1998, 41, 5247-5256 and J. Org. Chem., 21, 478- (1956). The following processes are given as an example.

30 Reference Process 1

35

$$(R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{\text{COOH}} \frac{1) \text{SO}_{2}\text{Cl}_{2}}{2)\text{NH}_{4}\text{OH}} \times (R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{\text{CONH}_{2}} \frac{\text{Cl} L^{1}}{\text{Base}}$$

9

$$(R^2)_n$$

$$R^2)_n$$

$$R^2)_n$$

$$R^2)_n$$

$$R^2)_n$$

$$R^2)_n$$

5.

10

Reference Process 2

$$(R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{\text{CONH}_{2}} + R^{1} - L - \text{COOH} \xrightarrow{\text{Base or condencing reagent}} (R^{2})_{n} \xrightarrow{\text{CONH}_{2}} R^{1}$$

or its reactive derivative at the amino group, or its salt or its reactive derivative at the carboxy group, or its salt

[wherein, R¹, R², n, L and L¹ are each as defined above.]

20

Suitable salts of the compounds of the present invention are pharmaceutically acceptable conventional non-toxic salts and can be an organic acid addition salt (e.g. formate, acetate, trifluoroacetate, maleate, tartarate, oxalate, methanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, toluenesulfonate, etc.), an inorganic acid addition salt (e.g. hydrochloride, hydrobromide, sulfate, phosphate, etc.), a salt with an amino acid (e.g. aspartic acid salt, glutamic acid salt, etc.), or the like

The "prodrug" means the derivatives of compounds of the present invention having a chemically or metabolically degradable group, which becomes pharmaceutically active after biotransformation.

The compounds of formula (I) may contain one or more asymmetric centers and thus they can exist as enantiomers or diastereoisomers. Furthermore certain compounds of formula (I) which contain alkenyl groups may exist as cis- or trans-isomers. In each instance, the invention includes both mixtures and separate individual isomers.

The compounds of the formula (I) may also exist in tautomeric forms and the 35 invention includes both mixtures and separate individual tautomers.

The compound of the formula (I) and its salt can be in a form of a solvate, which is

PCT/JP01/10601

included within the scope of the present invention. The solvate preferably include a hydrate and an ethanolate.

Also included in the scope of invention are radiolabelled derivatives of compounds of formula (I) which are suitable for biological studies.

5

20

WO 02/48117

In the above and subsequent description of the present specification, suitable examples and illustrations of the various definitions, which the present invention includes within the scope thereof, are explained in detail as follows.

• The term "lower" means a group having 1 to 6 carbon atom(s), unless otherwise 10 provided.

Suitable "lower alkyl" and lower alkyl moiety in the terms "hydroxy(lower)alkyl", "lower alkylsulfonyl", "lower alkylthio" and "heteroaryl(lower)alkyl" include a straight or branched alkyl having 1 to 6, in particular 1 to 2, carbon atoms. Preferable examples which may be mentioned are methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, pentyl and hexyl.

Preferable example which may be mentioned as "hydroxy(lower)alkyl" is hydroxymethyl. Preferable examples which may be mentioned as "lower alkylsulfonyl" are methylsulfonyl and ethylsulfonyl. Preferable examples which may be mentioned as "lower alkylthio" are methylthio and ethylthio.

Suitable "lower alkenyl" includes a straight or branched alkenyl having 2 to 6 carbon atoms. Preferable xamples which may be mentioned are ethenyl(vinyl), propenyl (i.e., allyl or 1-propenyl), butenyl and isobutenyl.

Suitable "lower alkynyl" and lower alkynyl moiety in the term "aryl(lower)alkynyl" include a straight or branch alkynyl having 2 to 6 carbon atoms.

25 Preferable examples which may be mentioned are ethynyl and propynyl.

Preferable example which may be mentioned as "aryl(lower)alkynyl" is phenylethynyl.

Suitable "lower alkylene" includes a straight or branched alkylene having 1 to 6, in particular 3, carbon atoms. Preferable examples which may be mentioned are methylene, 30 ethylene, trimethylene, propylene, methyltrimethylene (1- or 2- methyltrimethylene) and hexamethylene, preferably trimethylene.

Suitable "lower alkenylene" includes a straight or branched alkenylene having 1 to 6, in particular 3, carbon atoms. Preferable examples which may be mentioned are vinylene, propenylene, dimethylpropenylene (e.g., 3,3-dimethylpropenylene, etc.) and 35 hexenylene preferably propenylene.

Suitable "lower alkoxy" and lower alkoxy moiety in the term

"aryl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl" includes straight or branched alkoxy having 1 to 6, in particular 1 to 2, carbon atoms. Preferable examples which may be mentioned are methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, sec-butoxy and tert-butoxy, preferably methoxy. Suitable "lower alkylamino" and lower alkylamino moiety in the term "aryl(lower)alkylamino" include mono(lower)alkylamino and di(lower)alkylamino. Preferable examples which may be mentioned are methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, n-propylamino, isopropylamino, n-butylamino, iso-butylamino, sec-butylamino and tert-butylamino, preferably dimethylamino and diethylamino.

Suitable "aryl" and aryl moiety in the terms "aryloxy", "aryl(lower)alkynyl", 10 "aryl(lower)alkylamino" and "aryl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl" may be intended to mean a mono-, di- or polynuclear aromatic radical having preferably 6 to 12 carbon atoms, such as phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indenyl, indanyl (1,2-dihydroindenyl), fluorenyl and the like, preferably phenyl or naphthyl.

Preferable examples which may be mentioned as "aryloxy" are phenoxy and 15 naphtyloxy.

Preferable example which may be mentioned as "aryl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl" is benzyloxycarbonyl.

Suitable "aryl(lower)alkyl" and aryl(lower)alkyl moiety in the term "aryl(lower)alkylamino" means arylalkyl which has preferably 6 or 10 carbon atoms in the 20 aryl part (preferably phenyl or naphthyl, in particular phenyl) and preferably 1 to 6, in particular 1 to 4, carbon atoms in the alkyl part, it being possible for the alkyl part to be straight-chain or branched. Benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, 3-phenylpropyl, 4-phenylbutyl and naphtylmethyl may be mentioned as examples and as preferred.

Preferable examples which mentioned as "aryl(lower)alkylamino" are benzylamino and phenetylamino.

Suitable "acyl" and acyl moiety in the "acylamino" may be aliphatic acyl, aromatic acyl, aliphatic acyl optionally substituted aryl or heteroaromatic acyl, which are derived from carboxylic acid.

The aliphatic acyl may include

- 30 (1) lower alkanoyl optionally substituted with one or more suitable substituent(s) such as hydroxy, lower alkoxy, carboxy, protected carboxy, halogen, lower alkylthio, heterocyclicthio, oxo, cyclo(lower)alkyl or a heterocyclic group (e.g. formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, pentanoyl, hexanoyl, 3,3-dimethylbutanoyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutanoyl, 3-oxo-butanoyl, 3-methoxycarbonylpropanoyl, 3-carboxypropanoyl, 4-methoxycarbonylbutanoyl, 4-carboxybutanoyl, methylthioacetyl,
- 35 3-carboxypropanoyl, 4-methoxycarbonylbutanoyl, 4-carboxybutanoyl, methylthioacetyl (1-methylimidazol-2-yl)thioacetyl, hydroxyacetyl, methoxyacetyl, ethoxyacetyl,

3-methoxybutanoyl, chloroacetyl, morpholinoacetyl, piperidinylacetyl, 4-methylpiperidin-1-ylacetyl, 4-hydroxypiperidinyl, pyrolidinylacetyl,

- 4-(pyrimidin-2-yl)piperidinylacetyl, 3-hydroxypyrrolidinylacetyl, oxolan-4-ylacetyl, and so on);
- 5 (2) cyclo(lower)alkanecarbonyl (e.g. cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, and so on);
 - (3) lower alkenoyl (e.g. acryloyl, methacryloyl, crotonoyl, 3-methylbutanoyl, and so on);

The aromatic acyl may include aroyl optionally substituted with one or more suitable substituent(s) such as nitro (e.g. benzoyl, naphthoyl, nitrobenzoyl, and so on), or 10 the like.

The aliphatic acyl substituted with aryl may include ar(lower)alkanoyl which may have one or more suitable substituent(s) such as lower alkoxy (e.g. phenylacetyl, 4-methoxyphenylacetyl, and so on) or the like.

The heteroaromatic acyl is a carbonyl group to which is binded to heteroaryl, such 15 as furylcarbonyl or the like.

The term "halogen" means fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo.

Suitable "halo(lower)alkyl" and halo(lower)alkyl moiety in the term "halo(lower)alkoxy" contains 1 to 4, in particular 1 or 2, carbon atoms, and preferably 1 to 9, in particular 1 to 5, identical or different halogen atoms, preferably fluorine, chlorine and bromine, in particular fluorine and chlorine. Examples which may be mentioned are trifluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, chloromethyl, bromomethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2,2,2-triflu

Suitable "heteroaryl" and heteroaryl moiety in the terms "heteroaryl(lower)alkyl"
25 and "heteroaromatic acyl" is intended to mean 5- to 7-membered rings having preferably 1
to 3, in particular 1 or 2, identical or different heteroatoms. Heteroatoms in the heteroaryl
are oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen. Examples which may be mentioned are furyl, thienyl,
pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl (e.g., 1,2,3- and 1,2,4-triazolyl, etc.), isoxazolyl, thiazolyl,
isothiazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,3,4-, and 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.), azepinyl, pyrrolyl,
30 pyridinyl, piperazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl (e.g., 1,3,5-, 1,2,4- and

o pyridinyl, piperazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl (e.g., 1,3,5-, 1,2,4- and 1,2,3-triazinyl, etc.), oxazinyl (e.g., 1,2,4- and 1,2,6-oxazinyl, etc.), oxepinyl, thiepinyl and diazepinyl (e.g., 1,2,4-diazepinyl, etc.), preferably thienyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, pyridinyl and pyrazinyl.

Suitable "cyclic amino group" are heteroaromatic or aliphatic ring systems having one or more nitrogen atoms as the heteroatom, in which the heterocyclic rings can be saturated or unsaturated, can be one ring system or several fused ring systems, and

optionally contain further heteroatoms, such as nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur and the like.

Cyclic amino groups can furthermore also denote a spiro ring or a bridged ring system. The number of atoms which form cyclic amino groups is not limited, for example in the case of a single-ring system, they comprise 3 to 8 atoms, and in the case of a three-ring system, they comprise 7 to 11 atoms.

Preferable examples of "cyclic amino group" are described as follows:

- (1) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino group with saturated monocyclic groups with one or more nitrogen atom(s) as the heteroatom are azetidinyl (3-azetidinyl), pyrrolidinyl (e.g., 1- and 3-pyrrolidinyl, etc.), piperidyl (e.g., 1- and 4-piperidyl, etc.),
- 10 homopiperidino (e.g., hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl, etc.), homopiperazinyl (e.g., hexahydro-1H-1,4-diazepin-1-yl, etc.), imidazolidinyl (e.g., 1-imidazolidinyl, etc.), piperazinyl (e.g., 1-piperazinyl, etc.), perhydropyrimidinyl (e.g., perhydropyrimidin-1-yl, etc.) and diazacycloheptanyl (e.g., 1,4-diazacycloheptan-1-yl, etc.);
 - (2) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino group with unsaturated
- monocyclic groups with one or more nitrogen atom(s) as the heteroatom are pyrrolinyl (e.g., 2-pyrrolin-1-yl, etc.), pyrrolyl (e.g., 1-pyrrolyl, etc), tetrahydropridinyl (e.g., 3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl, etc.), pyridinyl (e.g., 2-pyridinyl, etc.), tetrahydroazepinyl (e.g., 2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl, 2,3,4,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl, etc.), imidazolyl (1-imidazolyl), pyrazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl,
- 20 pyridazinyl, dihydro-pyridazinyl (e.g., 1,2-dihydro-pyridazin-1-yl, etc.) and dihydro-pyrimidinyl (e.g., 1,2-dihydro-pyrimidin-1-yl, etc.);
 - (3) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino groups with saturated and unsaturated monocyclic groups with one to three nitrogen atoms and one to two sulfur atoms as heteroatoms are thiazolidinyl (e.g., 3-thiazolidinyl, etc.), isothiazolinyl (e.g.,
- 25 2-isothiazolinyl, etc.) and thiomorpholino;
 - (4) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino groups with saturated and unsaturated monocyclic groups with one to three nitrogen atoms and one to two oxygen atoms as heteroatoms are oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, and 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl) or morpholinyl;
- 30 (5) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino groups with saturated and unsaturated fused cyclic groups are indolyl (e.g., 1-indolyl, etc.), dihydrobenzimidazolyl (e.g., 1,2-dihydrobenzimidazol-1-yl, etc.), perhydropyrrolo[1,2-a]pyrazinyl (e.g., perhydropyrrolo[1,2-a]pyrazin-2-yl, etc.), tetrahydrobenzo[f]isoquinolinyl (e.g., 1,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[f]isoquinolin-3(2H)-yl, etc.), hexahydrobenz[f]isoquinolinyl (e.g.,
- 35 cis- and trans-1,4,4a,5,6,10b-hexahydrobenz[f]isoquinolin-3(2H)-yl, etc.), tetrahydropyrido[3,4-b]indolyl (e.g., 1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[3,4-b]indol-2-yl, etc.)

tetrahydrobenzazepinyl (e.g., 1,2,4,5-tetrahydro-3H-3-benzazepin-3-yl, etc.) dihydroisoquinolinyl (e.g., 3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl, etc.);

- (6) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino groups with spirocyclic groups are azaspiro[4,5]decanyl (e.g., 2-azaspiro[4,5]decan-2-yl, etc.),
- 5 spiro[1H-indene-1,4'-piperidinyl] (e.g., spiro[1H-indene-1,4'-piperidin-1'-yl], etc.), and dihydrospiro[1H-indene-1,4'-piperidinyl] (e.g.,
 - 2,3-dihydrospiro[1H-indene-1,4'-piperidin-1'-yl], etc.);
- (7) examples which may be mentioned of cyclic amino groups bridged heterocyclic groups are azabicyclo[2,2,1]heptanyl (e.g., 2-azabicyclo[2,2,1]heptan-7-yl, etc.) and 10 diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl (e.g., 2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl, etc.).

Among the above, preferable "cyclic smino group" included in R1 is above-mentioned (1) or (2), in which the most preferable one is piperidinyl, tetrahydropyridinyl and piperazinyl.

It has been known that, during major cellular stresses, the activation of PARP can rapidly lead to cell damage or death through depletion of energy stores and PARP activation play a key role in both NMDA- and NO-induced neurotoxicity (Zhang et. al., Science, 263: 687-89 (1994)). Therefore, the compound possessing PARP inhibiting activity, such as the compound (I) of this invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts are useful in treating 20 and preventing various diseases ascribed by NMDA- and NO-induced toxicity. Such diseases include, for example, tissue damage resulting from cell damage or death due to necrosis or apoptosis; neural tissue damage resulting from ischemia and reperfusion injury, neurological disorders and neurodegenerative diseases; neurodegenerative diseases; head trauma; stroke; Alzheimer's disease; Perkinson's disease; epilepsy; amyotrophic lateral 25 scleosis (ALS); Huntington's disease; schizophrenia; chronic pain; ischemia and neuronal loss following hypoxia; hypoglycemia; ischemia; trauma; and nervous insult.

It has been demonstrated that PARP inhibitor are useful in deducing infarct size (Thiemermann et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 94: 679-83 (1997)). Therefore, the compound possessing PARP inhibiting activity, such as the compound (I) of this invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts are useful in treatment and prevention of previously ischemic heart or skeleton muscle tissue.

It is also known that PARP is thought to play a role in enhancing DNA repair. So, the compound possessing PARP inhibiting activity, such as the compound (I) of this invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts are effective in treating and preventing radiosensitizing hypoxic tumor cells; tumor cells from recovering from potentially lethal damage of DNA after radiation therapy.

Further, the compound possessing PARP inhibiting activity, such as the compound (I) of this invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts are useful in extending the life-span and proliferative capacity of cells and altering gene expression of senescent cells. They are useful for treating and preventing skin aging; Alzheimer's diseases; atheroscleosis; osteoarthritis; osteoporosis; muscular dystrophy; degenerative diseases of skeletal muscle involving replicative senescence; age-related macular degeneration; immune senescence; AIDS; and other immune senescence diseases.

Still further, the compound possessing PARP inhibiting activity, such as the compound (I) of this invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts are effective in treating and preventing inflammatory bowel disorders (e.g., colitis); arthritis; diabetes; endotoxic shock; septic shock; and tumor. Also, they are useful in reducing proliferation of tumor cells and making synergistic effect when tumor cells are co-treated with an alkylating drug.

The compound possessing PARP inhibiting activity, such as the compound (I) of this invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts are effective in treating and preventing pituitary apoplexy; conjunctivitis; retinoblastoma; retinopathy; acute retinal necrosis syndrome; Sjogren's syndrome.

The compound (I), its prodrug, or their salt can be administered alone or in the form of a mixture, preferably, with a pharmaceutical vehicle or carrier.

The active ingredient of this invention can be used in the form of a pharmaceutical 20 preparation, for example, in solid, semisolid or liquid form, which contains a compound (I), as an active ingredient, in admixture with an organic or inorganic carrier or excipient suitable for external (topical), enteral, intravenous, intramuscular, parenteral or intramucous applications. The active ingredient can be formulated, for example, with the conventional non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable carriers for ointment, cream, plaster, tablets, pellets, 25 capsules, suppositories, solution (saline, for example), emulsion, suspension (olive oil, for example), aerosols, pills, powders, syrups, injections, troches, cataplasms, aromatic waters, lotions, buccal tablets, sublingual tablets, nasal drops and any other form suitable for use. The carriers which can be used are water, wax, glucose, lactose, gum acacia, gelatin, mannitol, starch paster, magnesium trisilicate, talc, corn starch, keratin, paraffin, colloidal 30 silica, potato starch, urea and other carriers suitable for use in manufacturing preparations, in solid, semisolid, or liquid form, and in addition auxiliary, stabilizing, thickening and coloring agents and perfumes may be used. The active compound is included in a pharmaceutical composition in an effective amount sufficient to produce the desired effect upon the process or condition of the diseases.

The active ingredient can be formulated into, for example, preparations for oral application, preparations for injection, preparations for external application, preparations

35

for inhalation, preparations for application to mucous membranes.

Mammals which may be treated by the present invention include livestock mammals such as cows, horses, etc., domestic animals such as dogs, cats, rats, etc. and humans, preferably humans.

While the dosage of therapeutically effective amount of the compound (I) will vary depending upon the age and condition of each individual patient, an average single dose to a human patient of about 0.01 mg, 0.1 mg, 1 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg, and 1000 mg of the compound (I) may be effective for treating the above-mentioned diseases. In general, amounts between 0.01 mg/body and about 1,000 mg/body may be administered per day.

In order to illustrate the usefulness of the object compound (I), the pharmacological test data of the compound (I) are shown in the following.

A. Test Compound

5-chloro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (Compound A: The compound of Example 1)

8-chloro-2-{(1E)-3-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]-1-propenyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

(Compound B: The compound of Example 33 (1))

20 8-Chloro-2-{[4-(4-pyridinyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl] propyl}-

4(3H)-quinazolinone

(Compound C: The compound of Example 35 (15))

8-methyl-2-[3-(1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[3,4-b]indol-2-yl)propyl]-

4(3H)-quinazolinone

25 (Compound D: The compound of Example 38 (2))

- B. PARP inhibitory activity (In vitro assay)
- (1) Assay conditions:

The recombinant human PARP (5.3mg protein/ml) were incubated with a test compound in a 100µl reaction buffer containing the indicated concentration of 1 mCi/ml ³²P-NAD, 50mM Tris-HCl, 25mM MgCl₂, 1mM DTT (dithiothreitol), 0.05mM NAD (nicotinamido adenine dinucleotide), 1mg/ml activated DNA, pH8.0. Incubation was for 15 minutes at a room temperature and the reaction was stopped by the addition of 200µl of ice-cold 20% tricholoroacetic acid followed by rapid filtration through GF/B filters. The filters were treated with scintillation fluid and acid-insoluble counts were measured for quantification of unit activity.

PARP inhibitory activity (%) =

[1-(enzyme activity with test compound)/(enzyme activity with vehicle)] x100

5 (2) Result

PARP inhibitory activity (IC50) in test compound.

2122 1112 1112 111 111 111 111 111 111			
Test Compound	IC50(μM)		
Compound A	< 0.5		
Compound B	< 0.5		
Compound C	< 0.5		
Compound D	< 0.5		

C. Effect of test compound on the level of striatal dopamine and its metabolite in mice MPTP(N-methyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine)-induced Parkinson's model

10 (1) Method

Mice received four i.p. injections of MPTP-HCl (20mg/kg) in saline at 2hours intervals and two i.p. injections of Test compound at 30minutes before 1st injection and 3rd injection of MPTP.

Four days after the last MPTP injection, mice were sacrificed, brains were quickly removed, and striata were dissected out on an ice-cold glass Petri dish. Samples were homogenized in a buffer of 0.1M perchloric acid containing isoproterenol as internal standard. HPLC with electrochemical detection was used to measure striatal levels of of DA (dopamine), DOPAC (dihydroxyphenylacetic acid) and HVA (homovanilic acid).

20 (2) Results

The level of DA, DOPAC and HVA were expressed as a percentage of Normal taken as the 100%.

	Dopamine levels
Normal	100
MPTP	21
MPTP + Compound A (32mg/kg)	59*

	DOPAC levels
Normal	100
MPTP	25
MPTP + Compound A (32mg/kg)	58*

	- HVA levels	
Normal	100	
MPTP	40	
MPTP + Compound A (32mg/kg)	64*	

^{*} P<0.05 vs MPTP (by Student's t-test)

This invention relates to novel Quinazoline compounds had a potent PARP inhibitory activity. PARP inhibitors including this invention relates to novel quinazoline compounds were effective in preventing reduction of striatal DA and its metabolite induced by MPTP treatment in mice. Therefore, it suggests that these compounds may have protective benefit in the treatment of neurodegenerative disease such as Parkinson's disease.

10	Abbreviations used herein have the following meanings:
----	--

	ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
	Me	methyl
	Et	ethyl
	tBu	tert-buthyl
15	Bzl	benzyl
	Ph	phenyl
	Ac	acetyl
	Bz	benzoyl

20 Any patents, patent applications, and publications cited herein are incorporated by reference.

Best Mode for Carrying out the Invention

The following Preparation and Examples are given for the purpose of illustrating 25 the present invention in detail, but are not to be construed to limit the scope of the present invention.

Preparation 1

2-Amino-6-chlorobenzoic acid (150g, 874mmol) was added slowly to thionyl 30 chloride (383mL, 5.25mol) at 5 °C and the mixture was refluxed for 2 hours. Thionyl chloride was removed in vacuo. Toluene was added and removed in vacuo. The obtained acid chloride was dissolved in dioxane (750 mL). The solution was added

dropwise to NH₄OH (27%, 835mL, 4.37mol) at 5 °C. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. Hexane was added to the organic layer, and the precipitate was corrected with filtration. The resulting crystals were dried to give 2-amino-6-chlorobenzamide (95.8g, 577mmol, 64%).

5 ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 4.84 (2H, br.s), 5.97(1H, br.s), 6.20(1H, br.s), 6.60(1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 6.73 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), and 7.07 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz)

Mass (m/z): 171 (M⁺+1)

Preparation 2

To a mixture of 2-amino-6-chlorobenzamide (100g, 586mmol) and diisopropyl-ethylamine (123mL, 703mmol) in THF (1L) 4-pentencyl chloride (74.4mL, 674mmol) was added dropwise at 5 °C. The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. Saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution was added and the precipitate was corrected by filtration and washed with water to give

2-chloro-6-(4-pentenoylamino) benzamide, which was used without further purification.
¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.47(4H, s), 5.03 (1H, dd, J=10.1Hz, <1Hz), 5.13 (1H, dt, J=7.9Hz, <1Hz), 5.85 (1H, m), 6.15(1H, br.s), 6.28(1H, br.s), 7.34 (1H, t, J=8.3 Hz), 7.16 (1H, d, J=9.1 Hz, 8.23 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), and 9.26 (1H, br.s).
Mass (m/z): 253 (M⁺+1)

Preparation 3

20

2-Chloro-6-(4-pentenoylamino)benzamide (148g, 586mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (1L), and 1N NaOH aqueous solution (1.17L) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, then the resulting solution was neutralized with 1N HCl aqueous solution. The precipitate was corrected with filtration and washed with ether to give 2-(3-butenyl)-5-chloro-4(3H)-quinazolinone (96.6g, 0.41mmol, 70% for two steps) as colorless crystals.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.66 (2H, q, J=7.3 Hz), 2.87 (2H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 5.05 (1H, d, 30 J=9.9 Hz), 5.15 (1H, d, J=17.3Hz), 5.09 (1H, m), 7.45 (1H, m), and 7.66 (2H, m). Mass (m/z): 235 (M[†]+1)

Preparation 4

OsO₄ (2.5% t-BuOH solution, 23.8mL, 2.34mmol) was added to 10% aqueous dioxane solution of 2-(3-butenyl)-5-chloro-4(3H)-quinazolinone (55g, 234mmol). After stirring for 10 minutes, NaIO₄ (110g, 516mmol) was added to the mixture. The mixture

was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt, and washed with 10% NaS₂O₃ and brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residual yellow solid was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with chloroform and methanol (100:1-100:2) to give 8-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydropyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazoline-9(1H)-one (26.5g, 110mmol, 48%) was obtained as colorless powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.22 (1H, m), 2.50 (1H, m), 3.04 (1H, m), 3.35 (1H, m), 4.36 (1H, br.s), 6.28 (1H, m), 7.46 (1H, m), and 7.59 (2H, m). Mass (m/z): 237 (M⁺+1)

10

Preparation 5

Benzylchloride (3.25mL, 28.2mmmol) was added to the mixture of 4-phenyl-4-hydroxypiperidine and t-BuOK (3.17g, 28.2mmol) in t-butanol (70mL), and the mixture was refluxed for 2 hours. Methanol (30mL) was added to the mixture and 15 inorganic solid was filtered off. The solution was concentrated in vacuo and extracted with AcOEt, washed with brine. Solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residual solid was washed with diisopropylether/hexane (1:10) to give 1-benzyl-4-hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine (6.32g, 23.6mmol, 84%) as colorless powder.

1H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.74(2H, dm, J=14.1Hz), 2.18 (2H, td, J=13.0 Hz, 4.4 Hz), 2.48 (2H, tm, J=13.0 Hz), 2.80 (2H, dm, J=11.1 Hz), 3,59 (2H, s), 7.23-7.30 (3H, m), 7.33-7.38 (5H, m), and 7.52 (2H, dm, J=7.9 Hz).

Mass (m/z): 268 (M⁺+1).

Preparation 6

Sulfuric acid (16.7mL, 314mmol) was added dropwise to dispersion of 1-benzyl-4-hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine (6g, 22.4mmol) in acetonitrile (25.8mL, 494mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was poured into cold water. The solution was adjusted to pH 9 with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and 1N NaOH aqueous solution. The mixture was extracted with AcOEt, washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine. Solvent was removed in vacuo. Residual colorless solid was washed with ether to give 4-acetoamide-1-benzyl-4-phenylpiperidine (5.8g, 19.0mmol, 84%) as colorless powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.03 (3H, m), 2.12 (2H, m), 2.30 (4H, m), 2.80 (2H, d, 35 J=12.2 Hz), 3.53 (2H, s), 5.53 (1H, br.s), and 7.4-7.18 (10H, m). Mass (m/z): 309 (M⁺+1)

Preparation 7

4-Acetoamide-1-benzyl-4-phenylpiperidine (2.7g, 8.75mmol) was dissolved in 6N aqueous HCl (7.27mL, 43.8mmol) at 130 °C. After the solution was cooled to room temperature, 1N NaOH aqueous solution was added. The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt, washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residual pale yellow oil was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with chloroform and methanol (100:5-100:20) to give 4-amino-1-benzyl-4-phenylpiperidine (1.7g, 6.38mmol, 73%) as pale yellow oil.

10 ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.70(2H, m), 2.20 (2H, m), 2.50 (2H, m), 2.71 (2H, m), 3.57 (2H, s), 7.25 (2H, m), 7.35 (6H, tm, J=7.6 Hz), and 7.52 (2H, dm, J=7.24 Hz).

Mass (m/z): 267 $(M^{+}+1)$

15 Preparation 8

4-Amino-1-benzyl-4-phenylpiperidine (500mg, 1.88mmol) and HCO₂NH₄ (1.18g, 18.8mmol), and Pd-C (10%, 500mg) were disperted in ethanol/H2O (10mL/10mL). The mixture was refluxed for 4 hours. Insoluble products were filtrated off, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by reverse phase

20 chromatography eluting by water to give 4-amino-4-phenylpiperidine (20mg, 11.3mmol, 13.7%) as colorless solid.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.73 (2H, m), 2.16 (2H, m), 2.79 (2H, m), 3.02 (2H, m), 7.22 (1H, tm, J=7.3 Hz), 7.35 (2H, tm, J=8.0 Hz), and 7.51 (2H, tm, J=7.3 Hz). Mass (m/z): 177 (M⁺+1)

25

Preparation 9

Oxalyl chloride was added to a solution of 4-(1-phenyl-4-piperidyl)-butanoic acid (200 mg, 0.809 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) under ice water bath, then the mixture was stirred for 1 hour.

To a solution of 2-carbamoylaniline (110 mg, 0.809 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added N-ethyldiisopropylamine (0.169 mL, 0.97 mmol) under ice water bath, then the previous soluiton was added dropwise. After stirring 2hours at room temperature, the mixture was poured into ice water, extracted ethyl acetate twice, washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine, and dried over sodium sulfate. Evaporation of the solvent gave the residue, and purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with chloroform and methanol (20:1) to give 2-[4-(1-phenyl-4-piperidyl)-butanoylamino]benzamide (100 mg,

PCT/JP01/10601

5

0.26 mmol, 34%) as a pale yellow powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.26-1.50 (5H, m), 1.72-1.89 (4H, m), 2.42 (2H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 2.68 (2H, t, J=7.0 Hz), 3.66 (2H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 6.81 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 6.94 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.08 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.42-7.56 (2H, m), 8.67 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 11.15 (1H, s)

Mass (m/z): 366 (M⁺)

Preparation 10-(1)

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a solution of butyllithium (1.6 M in hexane, 10.8 10 mL) was added dropwise to a solution of 1-bromo-4-methoxybenzene (3.04 g, 16.3 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred at the temperature for 30 minutes, and a solution of tert-butyl 4-oxo-1-piperidinecarboxylate (2.7 g, 13.6 mmol) in The mixture was allowed to warm to tetrahydrofuran (20 mL) was added dropwise. -20 ℃ with stirring for 2 hours. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated 15 aqueous ammonium chloride, and the organic materials were extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification over silica gel chromatography gave tert-butyl 4-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (3.04 g, 73.0 %) as oil. 1 H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.48 (9H, s), 1.73 (2H, br d, J=12.0 Hz), 1.97 (2H, dt, J=12.5, 2.4 Hz), 3.24 (2H, br t, J=11.6 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 4.02 (2H, br d, J=9.8 Hz), 20 6.89 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.39 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz) Mass (APCI+, 50V): 330.3 (M+Na)

Preparation 10-(2)

25 Trifluoroacetic acid (7.6 mL, 98.9 mmol) was added to an ice-cooled solution of tert-butyl 4-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (3.04 g, 9.89 mmol) in dichloromethane (15 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour. Trifluoroacetic acid and dichloromethane were removed in vacuo, and the crude product was treated with ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate. The organic layer was separated, and dried over sodium sulfate. The evaporated residue was treated with a solution of hydrogen chloride (4 M in ethyl acetate, 5 mL) in ice-cooled ethyl acetate (15 mL) for 1 hour to give 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine hydrochloride (1.63 g, 73.0 %) as powder.

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.66 (2H, br), 3.27 (2H, br), 3.70 (2H, br), 3.76 (3H, s), 6.08 (1H, m), 6.94 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.42 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 9.29 (2H, br)

Mass (API-ES+): 190.4 (M⁺+H)

PCT/JP01/10601

Preparation 11

Tert-butyl 4-hydroxy-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate was prepared in a similar procedure to that of <u>Preparation 10-(1)</u>, which was used for the next step (<u>Preparation 12</u>).

5

Preparation 12

Methanesulfonyl chloride (3.44 mL, 44.4 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of tert-butyl 4-hydroxy-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (includes tert-butyl 4-oxo-1-piperidinecarboxylate, 5.11 g) in triethylamine (20.6 mL) and

10 dichloromethane (60 mL) at -78 °C. 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (90 mg, 0.74 mmol) was added, and the mixture was allowed to warm to 0 °C and was stirred for 2 hours at 0 °C.

Quenched with water, and the organic materials were extracted with chloroform. Solvents were removed in vacuo, and the residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 mL) and triethylamine (20 mL), and stirred for 2 days at room temperature. Quenched by the addition of water, and the product was extracted with CHCl₃. Purification over silica gel (hexane:ethyl acetate=10:1) gave tert-butyl

3,6-tetrahydro-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate (3.57 g, 73.7 %).

¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.50 (9H, s), 2.53 (2H, m), 3.65 (2H, t, J=5.7 Hz), 4.10 (2H, q, J=2.8 Hz), 6.12 (1H, br), 7.46 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.58 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz)

20 Mass (API-ES): 350.3 (M+Na)

Preparation 13

A solution of hydrogen chloride (4 M in ethyl acetate, 16.4 mL) was added to a solution of tert-butyl

25 3,6-tetrahydro-4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate (3.57 g, 10.9 mmol) in ethyl acetate (4 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 1.5 hr at the temperature. Evaporated to dryness, and the residue was washed with ethyl acetate and diisopropyl ether to give 4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine hydrochloride (2.61 g, 90.8 %) as white powder.

30 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.73 (2H, br), 3.32 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 3.78 (2H, m), 6.37 (1H, br), 7.70 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.76 (2H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 9.38 (2H, br s) Mass (API-ES): 228.3 (M⁺+H)

Preparation 14

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a mixture of tert-butyl
4-(((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)oxy)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate (1.0 g, 3.02

mmol), 4-cyanophenylboronic acid (532 mg, 3.62 mmol), triethylamine (1.26 mL, 9.05 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (35 mg, 0.030 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (15 mL) was stirred for 2 hours at 100 °C. Quenched with water, and the product was extracted with ethyl acetate. Solvents were removed in vacuo

- 5 (treated with toluene once azeotropically) to give the crude product. It was treated with a solution of hydrogen chloride (4 M in ethyl acetate, 5 mL) in ice-cooled ethyl acetate (7 mL) for 1 hour. The precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with ethyl acetate and diisopropyl ether to give 4-(1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-4-pyridinyl)benzonitrile hydrochloride (460 mg, 54.5 %) as white powder.
- 10 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.50 (2H, m), 2.70 (2H, br), 3.80 (2H, br), 6.42 (1H, m), 7.68 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 7.86 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 9.05 (2H, br)

Preparation 15

A mixture of 2-amino-3-iodobenzoic acid (1.12 g) and thionyl chloride (3.11 ml) was refluxed for 1 hour. The mixture was cooled, concentrated and co-evaporated with toluene twice. To 28% ammonia aqueous solution was added dropwise a solution of the residue in dichloromethane, then the resulting powder was collected, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give the 2-amino-3-iodobenzamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 6.37 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 6.58 (2H, brs), 7.30 (1H, brs), 7.59 (1H, dd, J=1.4 Hz, J=7.8 Hz), 7.90 (1H, brs).

Mass (ESI): 285.1 (M+Na)

Preparation 16

25 <u>15</u>.

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Preparation

- (1) 2-Amino-3-ethylbenzamide

 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.13 (3H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 2.45 (2H, q, J=7.4 Hz), 6.20-6.70 (3H, m), 6.80-7.20 (2H, m), 7.42 (1H, dd, J=1.3, 7.9 Hz), 7.71 (1H, brs)

 Mass (ESI): 187.2 (M⁺+Na)
- 30 (2) 2-amino-3-bromobenzamide Mass (ESI): 239.1 (M⁺+Na)

Preparation 17

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a solution of 4-bromobutyryl chloride (4.9 g, 26.4 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added dropwise to the solution of 2-aminobenzamide (3.0 g, 22 mmol) in pyridine (18 mL, 220 mmol) and dichloromethane

(15 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was poured into ice-cooled 1N hydrochloric acid, and the product was extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was washed with 1N hydrochloric acid and water and dried over sodium sulfate. The crude product was triturated with toluene to give

5 2-[(4-bromobutanoyl)amino]benzamide (5.11 g, 81.3 %) as powder.

¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.29 (2H, quint., J=6.8 Hz), 2.61 (2H, t, J=7.2 Hz), 3.52 (2H, t, J=6.4 Hz), 5.5-6.5 (2H, br), 7.09 (1H, dt, J=7.6, 1.1 Hz), 7.51 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 7.53 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 8.62 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 11.25 (1H, s)

Mass (API-ES) 307.1, 309.1 (M+Na)

10

Preparation 18

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u> 17.

- (1) 2-[(4-Bromobutanoyl)amino]-3-iodobenzamide

 1H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.90-2.30 (2H, m), 2.43 (2H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 3.61 (2H, t, J=6.7 Hz), 7.10 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.96 (1H, dd, J=1.3 Hz, J=7.8 Hz), 9.66 (1H, brs)

 Mass (ESI): 433.0 (M⁺+Na)
- 3-Bromo-2-[(4-bromobutanoyl)amino]benzamide
 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.80 2.10 (2H, m), 2.69 (2H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 3.51 (2H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.10-9.70 (6H, m)
 Mass (ESI): 387.0 (M[†]+Na)
 - (3) 2-[(4-Bromobutanoyl)amino]-3-ethylbenzamide

 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 0.90-3.80 (11H, m), 7.00-9.70 (6H, m)

 Mass (ESI): 335.1 (M⁺+H)
 - (4) 2-[(4-bromobutanoyl)amino]-6-fluorobenzamide MS (API-ES): 325.0 (M⁺+Na)
 - (5) 2-[(3-bromopropanoyl)amino]benzamide MS (API-ES): 293.1 (M⁺+Na)

30

25

Preparation 19

A mixture of 2-aminobenzamide (45 mg),
4-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)pentanoic acid (85.7 mg),
O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (628 mg)
and diisopropylethylamine (0.288 ml) was stirred at room temperature overnight. The
mixture was diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane three times. The

combined extracts were washed with water three times, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 10% methanol in dichloromethane as an eluent to give the 2-{[4-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)pentanoyl]amino}benzamide.

5 Mass (ESI): 388.3 (M⁺+H)

Preparation 20

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, triethylamine (0.73 mL, 5.26 mmol) was added to a solution of 2-[(4-bromobutanoyl)amino]benzamide (500 mg, 1.75 mmol) and

4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine hydrochloride (412 mg, 2.10 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 24 hour. The reaction was quenched with water, and the product was extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate. Purification over silica gel chromatography gave

15 2-{[4-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide (477 mg, 74.8 %) as pale-yellow powder.

¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.01 (2H, quint., J=7.3 Hz), 2.41-2.56 (4H, m), 2.72 (2H, t, J=5.4 Hz), 3.76 (2H, d, J=5.7 Hz), 5.4-6.3 (2H, br), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.05 (1H, t, J=7.0 Hz), 7.21-7.37 (6H, m), 7.45-7.51 (2H, m), 8.64 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz)

20 Mass (APCI): 364.20 (M⁺+H)

Preparation 21

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Preparation

<u>20</u>.

25

30 ...

No.	R15	R18	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	
)H	I	Н	Н	H	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.82 (2H, m), 2.33 (2H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 2.35-2.70 (4H, m), 2.65 (2H, t, J=5.4 Hz), 3.1 (2H, d, J=2.8 Hz), 6.15 (1H, s), 6.80-7.80 (9H, m), 7.96 (H, dd, J=1.4 Hz, J=7.9 Hz), 9.62(1H, s) Mass (ESI): 490.2 (M ⁺ +Na)

No.	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁸	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	*
- 10.				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.70-2.00 (2H, m),
					l · ·	2.10-2.90 (8H, m), 3.22 (2H, d, J=6.1 Hz), 6.16 (1H,
٠.						s), 7.10-8.00 (10H, m), 9.62 (1H, brs)
(2)	H	Br	н	H ·	H	Mass (APCI): 442.13 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ):1.10 (3H, t, J=7.5 Hz),
						1.60-1.90 (2H, m), 2.20-2.80 (10H, m), 3.09 (2H, d,
				1		J=2.6 Hz), 6.16 (1H, s), 7.10-7.70 (10H, m), 9.38
						(1H, s)
(3)	H	Et	H	H	H	Mass (APCI): 392.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(4)	H	H	F	H	H	Mass (APCI): 381.93 (M+H)
(5)	H	H	H	F	H	Mass (APCI): 381.93 (M++H)
(6)	H	H	OMe	H	H	Mass (APCI): 394.20 (M+H)
· (7)	H	H	H	OMe	H	Mass (APCI): 394.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(8)	H	H	H	H	OEt	Mass (API-ES): 408.3 (M+H)
(9)	H	H	H	H	SMe	Mass (API-ES): 410.2 (M+H)
(10)	H	H	H	H	OCF ₃	Mass (API-ES): 448.2 (M+H)
(11)	H	H	H	H	Et	Mass (APCI) 390.07 (M-H)
(12)	H	H	H	H	$N(Me)_2$	Mass (APCI): 406.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(13)	H	H	H	H	t-Bt	Mass (APCI): 420.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(14)	H	H	H	H	Ph	Mass (APCI): 440.13 (M+H)
(15)		H	H	H	OPh	Mass (APCI): 456.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(16)		H	H	H	Ac	Mass (APCI): 406.07 (M++H)
(17)		H	H	H	H	Mass (API-ES): 382.4 (M+H)
(18)	F	H	H	H	OMe	Mass (APCI): 411.80 (M ⁺ +H)
(19)		H	H	H	F ·	Mass (APCI): 399.87 (M+H)
(20)	+	Cl	H	H	CN	Mass (API-ES): 423.3 (M+H)
(21)		Cl	H	H	Ac	Mass (APCI): 440.07 (M+H)
(22)	Cl	H	H	H	CN	Mass (API-ES): 423.3 (M ⁴ +H)
		·		1		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.01 (2H, quint.,
r.	·		-	ļ		J=7.3 Hz), 2.45-2.59 (4H, m), 2.71 (2H, t, J=5.6 Hz),
						3.17 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 5.4-6.4 (2H, br), 6.01 (1H,
			1	l		m), 7.02 (1H, t, J=6.5 Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, J=8.1 Hz),
						7.25 (2H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.45-7.53 (2H, m), 8.65 (1H,
						d, J=8.6 Hz), 11.14 (1H, s)
(23)	H	H	H	H_	Me ·	Mass (APCI): 378.20 (M++H)
			·			H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.00 (2H, quint.,
						J=7.3 Hz), 2.45-2.59 (6H, m), 2.71 (2H, t, J=5.6 Hz),
						3.16 (2H, q, J=2.2 Hz), 5.4-6.3 (2H, br), 5.99 (1H,
						m), 6.97 (2H, t, J=8.8 Hz), 7.05 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz),
						7.31 (2H, dd, J=8.8, 5.4 Hz), 7.45-7.52 (2H, m), 8.65
	_					(1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 11.16 (1H, s)
(24)	世	H_	H	H	F	Mass (APCI): 381.93 (M+H)

No.	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁸	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.00 (2H, quint.,
	1					J=7.3 Hz), 2.45-2.58 (6H, m), 2.70 (2H, t, J=5.6 Hz),
					1	3.16 (2H, q, J=2.8 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 5.6-6.4 (2H,
	1					br), 5.96 (1H, m), 8.37 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.04 (1H,
				1		t, J=8.7 Hz), 7.29 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.44-7.52 (2H,
	1					m), 8.63 (1H, dd, J=8.6, 1.2 Hz), 11.15(1H, s)
(25))H	H	H	H	OMe	Mass (APCI): 394.13 (M ⁺ +H)
						H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.01 (2H, quint.,
	İ					J=7.2 Hz), 2.46-2.60 (6H, m), 2.73 (2H, t, J=5.6 Hz),
	İ	l	1	ĺ		3.20 (2H, q, J=2.9 Hz), 5.5-6.4 (2H, br), 6.14 (1H,
		1				m), 7.05 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.41-7.60 (6H, m), 8.65
						(1H, dd, J=8.6, 1.2 Hz), 11.17 (1H, s)
(26	<u>)H</u>	H	H	H	CF ₃	Mass (APCI): 432.00 (M+H)
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.01 (2H, quint.,
	ľ	1				J=7.2 Hz), 2.45-2.61 (6H, m), 2.73 (2H, t, J=5.6 Hz),
		1				3.63 (2H, q, J=6.1 Hz), 5.4-6.3 (2H, br), 6.28 (1H,
						m), 7.05 (1H, t, J=7.7 Hz), 7.40-7.61 (4H, m), 7.58
	1.					(2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 8.65 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 11.17 (1H,
(0.7		7.7	1.	-	CNT	s) Mass (APCI): 389.00 (M ⁺ +H)
(27	4	H	H	H	CN	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.75-1.95 (2H, m), 2.3-2.7
						(8H, m), 3.07 (2H, d, J=2.7 Hz), 4.47 (2H, d, J=5.6
				İ		Hz), 5.12 (1H, t, J=5.6 Hz), 6.11 (1H, s), 7.08 (1H,
						dt, J=7.4, 1.1 Hz), 7.25 (2H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 7.36 (2H,
				1		d, J=8.3 Hz), 7.46 (1H, dt, J=7.4, 1.4 Hz), 7.69 (1 H,
		1				br s), 7.77 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.4 Hz), 8.24 (1H, br s),
						8.47 (1H, br s), 11.67(1H, s)
(28	H	H	H	H	CH ₂ OH	Mass: 394.1 (M ⁺)
						¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-1.95 (2H, m), 2.3-2.75
						(6H, m), 3.09 (2H, s), 3.74 (3H, s), 6.03 (1H, s), 6.88
٠.						(2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.25-7.65 (9H, m), 9.65 (1H, s)
(29)H_	Cl	H	H	OMe	Mass: 428.1 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-1.95 (2H, m), 2.25-2.7
			1.	İ		(6H, m), 3.08 (2H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 6.15 (1H, s), 7.2-7.7
	-					(10H, m)
(30)H	Cl	H	H	H ·	Mass: 398.3 (M+H)
		'				¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-1.9 (2H, m), 2.25-2.75
						(6H, m), 3.12 (2H, m), 6.33 (1H, s), 7.25-7.70 (9H,
		Ì				m), 9.61 (1H, s)
(31)H	Cl	H	H	CF ₃	Mass: 466.0 (M ⁺)
						¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-1.9 (2H, m), 2.25-2.75
					-	(6H, m), 3.08 (2H, m), 4.47 (2H, d, J=5.8 Hz), 5.12
	1					(1H, t, J=5.8 Hz), 6.13 (1H, s), 7.2-7.6 (9H, m), 9.61
				L		(1H, s)
(32)	H	Cl	H	H	CH ₂ OH	Mass: 428.1 (M+H)

Preparation 22

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Preparation

<u>20</u>.

(1) 2-({4-[4-(4-methylphenyl)-1-piperidyl]butanoyl}amino)benzamide

5 Mass (APCI): 379.93 (M⁺+H)

(2) 2-{[4-(4-phenyl-1-piperazinyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 367.07 (M⁺+H)

Preparation 23-(1)

10 Palladium hydroxide on carbon (10%, 51.4mg, 0.0366mmol) was added to a solution of

2-({4-[4-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]butanoyl}amino)benzamide (150 mg, 0.366 mmol) in a mixed solvent of methanol (2 mL) and ethyl acetate (2 mL). Purged by hydrogen (1atm), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 days.

15 Purification over silica gel chromatography gave

2-[(4-{4-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1-piperidyl}butanoyl)amino]benzamide (44 mg, 29.2%) as product.

Mass (APCI): 412.27 (M+H)

20 Preparation 23-(2)

Palladium on carbon (10%, 37.5 mg, 0.0352 mmol) was added to a solution of 2-{[4-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide (128 mg, 0.352 mmol) in a mixed solvent of methanol (2 mL) and ethyl acetate (3 mL). Purged by hydrogen (1 atm), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10hour. Purification

25 over silica gel chromatography gave

2-{[4-(4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide (91 mg, 70.7 %) as product. Mass (APCI): 366.13 (M+H)

Preparation 24

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Preparation

23-(2).

35

30

	R ¹³	R18	R ²²	\mathbb{R}^{23}	R ²⁴	·
(1)	H	H	H	H	OEt	Mass (API-ES): 410.4 (M+H)
(2)	H	H	H	H	OCF ₃	Mass (API-ES): 450.3 (M+H)
(3)	H	H	H	H	Et	Mass (APCI): 393.87 (M++H)
(4)	H	H	H	H_	N(Me)2	Mass (APCI): 409.27 (M ⁺ +H)
(5)	H	H	H	H	Ph	Mass (APCI): 442.27 (M ⁺ +H)
(6)	H	H	H	H	OPh	Mass (APCI): 458.27 (M ⁺ +H)
(7)	H	H	H	H	Ac	Mass (APCI): 408.13 (M++H)
(8)	H	H	H	H	OMe ·	Mass (APCI): 414.00 (M+H)
	H	H	H	H	F	Mass (APCI): 401.93 (M+H)
(10)	H	H	H	H	CF ₃	Mass (APCI): 434.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(11)	н	Н	Н	H	F	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.4-2.1 (8H, m), 2.25-2.6 (5H, m), 2.91 (2H, t, J=11.6 Hz), 6.95-7.20 (5H, m), 7.4-7.5 (1H, m), 7.69 (1H, br s), 7.80 (1H, d, J=7.3 Hz), 8.24 (1H, br s), 8.53 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 11.75 (1H, s)
(12)	H	H	H	H	ОМе	¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.4-2.05 (8H, m), 2.25-2.45 (3H, m), 2.85-3.0 (2H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 6.79 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.02 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.11 (1H, dt, J=7.9, 1.1 Hz), 7.48 (1H, dt, J=7.5, 1.1 Hz), 7.69 (1H, br s), 7.81 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.4 Hz), 8.24 (1H, br s), 8.53 (1H, dd, J=8.3, 0.9 Hz), 11.75 (1H, s)

Preparation 25

<u>20</u>.

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u>

- 5 (1) 2-{[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propanoyl]amino}benzamide MS (APCI): 350.00 (M+H)
 - 2-{[5-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)pentanoyl]amino} benzamide

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.6-1.9 (4H, m), 2.4-2.6 (6H, m), 2.71 (2H, t, J=5.4 Hz), 3.16 (2H, q, J=2.9 Hz), 5.4-6.5 (2H, br), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.07 (1H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (5H, m), 7.5-7.6 (2H, m), 8.67 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 11.17 (1H, br s)
 - (3) 2-{[3-(4-benzyl-1-piperidyl)propanoyl]amino}benzamide MS (APCI): 366.07 (M+H)
 - (4) 2-{[3-(4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl)propanoyl]amino}benzamide MS (APCI): 367.00 (M⁺+H)

15

<u>20</u>.

10

Preparation 26

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u>

5

No.	R18	Het	·
(1)	H	1,3-thiazol-2-yl	Mass (APCI): 370.73 (M ⁺ +H)
		l-methyl-1H- imidazol-2-yl	Mass (APCI): 367.93 (M ⁺ +H)
		l-methyl-1H-	
(3)	Η٠	pyrazol-5-yl	Mass (APCI): 368.00 (M ⁺ +H)
	H	2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 369.80 (M ⁺ +H)
	CI	2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 403.87 (M ⁺ +H)
(6)		3-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 369.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(7)	CI	3-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 403.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(9)	H	5-acetyl-2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 312.07 (M++H)
(10)	Η	5-chloro-2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 403.93 (M+H)
(11)		5-cyano-2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 395.13 (M++H)
(12)	H	5-methyl-2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 384.3 (M ⁺ +H)
(13)	H	2-pyridinyl	Mass (APCI): 364.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(14)	H	3-pyridinyl	Mass (APCI): 365,00 (M ⁺ +H)
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-1.9 (2H, m), 2.25-2.55 (6H, m), 2.6-2.7 (2H, m), 3.12 (2H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 6.49 (1H, s), 7.25-7.6 (5H, m), 8.50 (2H, dd, J=4.6, 1.6 Hz), 9.61 (1H, s)
(15)	Cl	4-pyridinyl	Mass: 399.1 (M ⁺ +H)
(16)		4-pyridinyl	Mass (APCI): 364.93 (M ⁺ +H)

Preparation 27

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u> 10 23-(2).

$$\bigcap_{R^{18}}^{CONH_2} \bigcap_{N}^{Het}$$

15

No.	R18	Het	
		1-methyl-1H-	
(1)	H	pyrazol-5-yl	Mass (API-ES): 370.4 (M+H)
(2)	H	2-thienyl	Mass (API-ES): 372.3 (M+H)
(3)	H	3-thienyl	MS (APCI): 372.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(4)	H	4-methyl-2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 386.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(5)	H	5-methyl-2-thienyl	Mass (APCI): 386.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(6)	H	4-pyridinyl	Mass (APCI) 365.00 (M-H)

Preparation 28

10

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u>

- 5 (1) 2-({4-[4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-1-piperazinyl]butanoyl}amino)benzamide

 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.70 2.00 (2H, m), 2.20 2.70 (6H, m), 2.76 (2H, t, J=5.3 Hz), 3.60 (2H, t, J=5.3 Hz), 6.30 8.70 (10H, m), 11.71 (1H, brs)

 Mass (ESI): 437.3 (M⁺+Na)
 - (2) 2-{[4-(3-phenyl-1-pyrrolidinyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 352.27 (M+H)
 - 2-{[4-(4-phenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.25 (2H, quint., J=6.8 Hz), 2.44 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz),
 4.08 (2H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 6.0-6.9 (2H, br), 7.05 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 7.1-7.7 (7H, m),
 7.75 (2H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 8.62 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 11.40 (1H, br s)
- 15 (4) 2-{[4-(1,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[f]isoquinolin-3(2H)-yl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 389.73 (M⁺+H)
 - (5) 2-{[4-(spiro[1H-indene-1,4'-piperidin-1'-yl])butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 390.13 (M⁺+H)
- (6) 2-{[4-(2,3-dihydrospiro[1H-indene-1,4'-piperidin-1'-yl])butanoyl]amino}20 benzamide
 Mass (APCI): 392.20 (M⁺+H)

Preparation 29

2-{[4-(4-phenyl-2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide 25 (142mg, 25.1%) and 2-{[4-(5-phenyl-2,3,4,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)butanoyl]-amino}benzamide (121mg, 21.4%) were synthesized from 2-[(4-bromobutanoyl)-amino]benzamide (427mg, 1.50mmol) and a mixture of 5-phenyl-2,3,4,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepine hydrochloride and 4-phenyl-2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepine hydrochloride (345mg, 1.65mmol) by a similar procedure to the <u>Preparation 20</u>.

PCT/JP01/10601

2-{[4-(4-phenyl-2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 378.20 (M⁺+H)
2-{[4-(5-phenyl-2,3,4,7-tetrahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 378.20 (M⁺+H)

5

10

Preparation 30

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u> 23-(2).

- (1) 2-{[4-(4-Phenylhexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide Mass (APCI): 380.27 (M⁺+H)
 - (2) 2-{[4-(cis-1,4,4a,5,6,10b-hexahydrobenz[f]isoquinolin-3(2H)-yl)butanoyl]-amino}benzamide

 Mass (API-ES): 392.4 (M+H)

15 Preparation 31

Dimethylformamide (1.25 mL, 16.2 mmol) and oxaryl chloride (1.41 mL, 16.2 mmol) were added to a solution of 6-[(benzyloxy)carbonylamino]hexanoic acid (3.9 g, 14.7 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 mL) at 5 °C. The prepared 6-{[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]amino}hexanoyl chloride was added to a solution of 2-aminobenzamide and diisopropylethylamine (2.8mL, 1.1eq) in dichrolomethane (5mL) at 5 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The mixture was extracted with AcOEt, and washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed in vacuo to give 2-{[5-[(benzyloxy)carbonylamino]hexanoyl]amino}benzamide (2.8 g, 7.3 mmol, 50 %) as yellow oil.

Mass: 384 (M+1)

Example 1

1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-4-phenylpyridine (54.8g, 280mmol) was added to the 10%
30 aqueous acetonitrile solution of
8-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydropyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazoline-9(1H)-one (26.5g, 112mmmol),
then sodium cyanoborohydride (10.5g, 168mmol) and acetic acid (8.9mL, 157mmol) was
added to the reaction mixture. The mixture was stirred at room temperature over night.
Saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution was added to the reaction mixture.
35 The precipitate was corrected with filtration and purified by silica gel chromatography
eluting with chloroform and methanol (100:1-100:2). The resulting solid was

recrystallized from 10% aqueous acetonitrile to give 5-chloro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (17g, 44mmol, 40%) as colorless fine needle.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.05 (2H, quint, J=6.2 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 2.80-2.92 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.118 (1H, s), 7.32-7.47 (6H, m), and 7.55 (2H, m).

Mass (m/z): 380 (M⁺+1)

Example 2

4-Phenylpiperidine hydrochloride (334mg, 1.69mmol) was added to the 10% aqueous acetonitrile solution of 8-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydropyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazoline-9(1H)-one (200mg, 0.85mmol), then sodium cyanoborohydride (133mg, 2.11mmol) and acetic acid (0.1mL, 1.69mmol) were added to the reaction mixture. The mixture was stirred at room temperature over night. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with chloroform and methanol (100:5) to give 5-chloro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (96.6mg, 0.25mmol, 30%) as colorless solid.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.88 (2H, m), 2.00 (2H, m), 2.25 (2H, m), 2.28 (5H, m), 2.60 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, m), 3.19 (2H, m), 7.33-7.41 (6H, m), and 7.53 (2H, m). Mass (m/z): 382 (M[†]+1)

25 Example 3

0.055mmol, 8%) as colorless powder.

4-Cyano-4-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride (452mg, 2.03mmol) was added to the 10% aqueous acetonitrile solution of 8-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydropyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazoline-9(1H)-one (160mg, 0.676mmol), then sodium cyanoborohydride (42.4mg, 0.676mmol) and acetic acid (46mL) were added to 30 the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative TLC, and recrystallized from methanol to give 35 5-chloro-2-[3-(4-cyano-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (22mg,

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.01(2H, quint, J= 5.5Hz), 2.12 (2H, m), 2.73-2.67 (6H, m), 2.92 (2H, m), 3.22 (2H, m), 7.43-7.48(4H, m), 7.54(2H, m) and 7.77 (2H, m) Mass (m/z): 407 (M⁺+1)

5 Example 4

4-Hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride(592mg, 3.34mmol) was added to the 10% aqueous acetonitrile solution of 8-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydropyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazoline-9(1H)-one (395mg, 3.34mmol), then sodium cyanoborohydride (157mg, 2.5mmol) and acetic acid (0.15mL) were added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium

carbonate aqueous solution and brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with chloroform and methanol (100:5-50:50), and the obtained colorless solid was washed with ether to give

5-chloro-2-[3-(4-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (190mg, 0.48mmol, 29%) as colorless powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.82(2H, d, J= 5.5Hz), 2.01 (2H, m), 2.65-2.77 (6H, m), 2.90 (2H, m), 3.00 (2H, d, J=9.5 Hz), 7.30 (1H, dm, J=8.7Hz), 7.43-7.48(3H, m), 7.53(2H, m) and 7.71 (2H, dm, J=7.3 Hz)

Mass (m/z): 398 (M^++1)

Example 5

20

35

4-Amino-4-phenylpiperidine (150mg, 0.85mmol) was added to 10% aqueous

25 acetonitrile solution of

8-chloro-1-hydroxy-2,3-dihydropyrrolo[2,1-b]quinazoline-9(1H)-one (181mg, 0.77mmol). NaBH₃CN (64.1mg, 1.02mmol) and AcOH (0.146mL, 2.55mmol) were added to the mixture, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt, washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate

30 aqueous solution. Residual solid was purified by preparative TLC (chloroform/methanol 75:25) to give 2-[3-(4-amino-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-5-chloro-4(3H)-quinazolinone (3.5mg, 0.008mmol, 1%) as colorles powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.86 (2H, m), 1.97 (2H, m), 2.58 (4H, m), 2.74 (4H, m), 2.86 (2H, m), 7.25 (1H, m), 7.38 (3H, m), 7.52 (2H, m), and 7.63 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz).

Mass (m/z): 397 (M+1)

Example 6

To a solution of 2-[4-(1-phenyl-4-piperidyl)-butanoylamino]benzamide in 1,4-dioxane (6 mL) was added 1N aqueous NaOH (6 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature, then H₂O was added and neutralized with 1N aqueous HCl. A white precipitate was filtered ,washed with Et₂O and dried at 40 °C to give 2-[3-(1-phenyl-4-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (75 mg, 0.21 mmol, 79%) as a pale yellow powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.29-1.55 (5H, m), 1.84 (2H, d, J=10.6 Hz), 1.89-2.04 (2H, m), 2.68 (2H, t, J=10.0 Hz), 2.80 (2H, t, J=7.7 Hz), 3.66 (2H, d, 12.8 Hz), 6.82 (1H, t, J=7.0 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 7.15-7.30 (2H, m), 7.47 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.66-7.85 (2H, m), 8.29 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 11.36 (1H, s)

Mass: 348 (M⁺)

1V1022. 240 (IVI

Example 7

10

A mixture of 3-nitroisatoic anhydride (0.11 g) and
4-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)butanimidamide (154 mg) in pyridine was
refluxed for 24 hours. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted with
dichloromethane three times. The combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate,
concentrated and co-evaporated with toluene twice. The residue was purified by
20 preparative thin layer chromatography on silica gel using 10% methanol in
dichloromethane as an eluent to give
8-nitro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone as a
yellow powder.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.80-2.10 (2H, m), 2.40-3.30 (10H, m), 6.02 (1H, s), 7.10-8.60
(8H, m).

Mass (ESI): 391.2 (M++H)

Example 8

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, triethylamine (1.39 mL, 10.0 mmol) was added to a solution of 2-[(4-bromobutanoyl)amino]benzamide (285 mg, 1.00 mmol) and 4-phenyl-4-piperidinol (266 mg, 1.50 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (3 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 13 hours. The reaction was quenched with water, and the product was extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate. The crude 2-{[4-(4-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide was dissolved in dioxane (3 mL). An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (1M, 3 mL) was added to the

solution at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred at that temperature for 3 hour. The organic materials were extracted with chloroform, and the organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate. Recrystalization of the crude product from chloroform-methanol gave

5 2-[3-(4-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (223 mg, 61.4%).
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.7-1.9 (4H, m), 2.00 (2H, quint., J=5.4 Hz), 2.6-2.8 (5H, m), 2.9-3.1 (4H, m), 7.29 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 7.42 (3H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.64 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 8.28 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz)
 Mass (APCI): 364.00 (M⁺+H)

10

Example 9

2-{[4-(4-Phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)butanoyl]amino}benzamide (475 mg, 1.31 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (5 mL). An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (1M, 3.92 mL) was added to the solution at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred at that temperature for 15 hours. The organic materials were extracted with chloroform, and the organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate. Recrystalization of the crude product from chloroform-methanol gave 2-{3-[4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone (329 mg, 72.9 %).

20 ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.81-2.94 (4H, m), 3.31 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 6.12 (1H, t, J=2.9 Hz), 7.21-7.49 (7H, m), 7.61-7.72 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=6.6 Hz)

Mass (APCI): 346.20 (M⁺+H)

25 Example 10

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of Preparation 17, Preparation 20 and preparation 23-(2)

30
$$R^{16}$$
 NH N R^{23} R^{23}

No.	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁸	\mathbb{R}^{22}	\mathbb{R}^{23}	R ²⁴	
	F-	<u> </u>	f	Ť.		¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.41 (3H, t, J=7.0 Hz),
				ļ		1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.1-2.4 (4H, m), 2.4-2.6 (3H, m), 2.9-3.0
						(2H, m), 3.19 (2H, br d, J=7.7 Hz), 4.03 (2H, q, J=7.0
	·		}	1		Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (4H, m), 7.5-7.8 (2H,
						m), 8.29 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz)
(1)	H	H	Н	Н	OEt	Mass (API-ES): 392.4 (M++H)
<u> </u>	-		 -	-	02.	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.85 (2H, br d, J=8.7 Hz),
		1		İ		1.96 (2H, quint., J=5.4 Hz), 2.1-2.4 (4H, m), 2.48 (3H, s),
		1				2.5-2.6 (3H, m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m), 3.20 (2H, br d, J=6.8
		1			-3	Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 7.39
			1			(1H, t, J=8.2 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.29 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz).
(2)	H	H	Н	H	SMe	MS (APCI): 394.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(2)	11		1	-	- DIVIO	H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.86 (2H, br d, J=9.9 Hz),
		1	1			1.99 (2H, quint., J=5.6 Hz), 2.2-2.4 (4H, m), 2.5-2.7 (3H,
						m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m), 3.22 (2H, br d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.20 (2H,
,		i				d, J=7.9 Hz), 7.4-7.5 (3H, m), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.8 Hz),
	1		1			7.68 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.29 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 14.10 (1H,
						br)
(3)	н	H	H	H	OCF₃	Mass (APCI): 432.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(3)	 -	-	+-	-	0013	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.24 (3H, t, J=7.6 Hz),
	l				1.	1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.2-2.4 (4H, m), 2.4-2.7 (5H, m), 2.9-3.0
İ	Į .		1	1		(2H, m), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 7.19 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.34
	1	1				(2H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.2-8.4
			1			(1H, m)
(4)	H	H	H	H	Et	Mass (API): 376.4 (M ⁺ +H)
-	<u> </u>	[<u> </u>	 		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.7-2.1 (4H, m), 2.1-2.3
İ						(4H, m), 2.3-2.6 (3H, m), 2.9-3.0 (8H, m), 3.18 (2H, br d,
			1			J=5.9 Hz), 7.77 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.30 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz),
				i		7.67 (1H, t), 7.6-7.7 (2H, m), 8.30 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz)
(5)_	H	H	Н	H	N(Me) ₂	Mass (APCI): 391.13 (M+H)
<u> </u>					7- 7-	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.4-1.7 (4H, m),
		Ì				1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.3-2.5 (3H, m), 2.68 (2H, t, J=6.9 Hz),
ĺ			1 .		1	2.97 (2H, br d, J=10.9 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz),
					1	7.3-7.7 (9H, m), 7.77 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 8.12 (1H, d, J=7.9
1				:		Hz), 12.43 (1H, br s)
(6)	Н	Н	H	H	Ph	Mass (APCI): 424.20 (M ⁺ +H)
-/-			-		1.	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
l	1					1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.3-2.5 (3H, m), 2.67 (2H, t, J=7.1 Hz),
1						2.95 (2H, br d, J=11.0 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 6.97
				1		(2H, d, J=7.5 Hz), 7.1-7.2 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.59
1	1	1		}		(1H, d), 7.76 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.10 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz),
		1				12.43 (1H, br s)
(7)	H	H	Н	H	OPh	Mass (API): 440.4 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁸	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.4-1.7 (4H, m),
						1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.3-2.5 (3H, m), 2.55 (3H, s), 2.67 (2H, t,
			İ			J=6.9 Hz), 2.96 (2H, br d, J=11.0 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, J=8.3
						Hz), 7.46 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.76
	0		1		l	(1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 7.86 (2H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 8.11 (1H, d,
				1		J=7.9 Hz), 12.42 (1H, br s)
(0)				T T		
(8)	H	H	H	H	Ac	Mass (APCI): 390.07 (M+H)
			1			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.88 (2H, d, J=9.5 Hz),
				l		1.99 (2H, quint., J=5.5 Hz), 2.1-2.5 (4H, m), 2.5-2.7 (3H,
						m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m), 3.21 (2H, br d, J=7.9 Hz), 7.1-7.5
		}	1			(6H, m), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz),
	ĺ	İ				8.30 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz)
(9)	H	H	H	H	H	Mass (APCI): 348.20 (M ⁺ +H)
						H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.86 (2H, br d, J=7.8 Hz),
						1.94 (2H, quint., J=5.9 Hz), 2.1-2.4 (4H, m), 2.34 (3H, s),
ĺ	1		İ			2.5-2.7 (3H, m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m), 3.20 (2H, br d, J=6.5
						Hz), 7.16 (2H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.42
						(1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.6-7.7 (2H, m), 8.2-8.3 (1H, m)
(10)	H	Н	H	H	Me	Mass (API): 362.4 (M ⁺ +H)
						H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.87 (2H, br d, J=11.1
			1	1	-	Hz), 1.93 (2H, quint., J=5.7 Hz), 2.1-2.5 (4H, m), 2.5-2.8
		1			1.	(3H, m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m), 3.23 (2H, br d, J=10.4 Hz), 7.43
						(1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.5-7.8 (6H, m), 8.2-8.3 (1H, m), 14.05
ł					1	(1H, br)
(11)	H	H	Н	H	CF ₃	Mass (APCI): 416.00 (M++H)
(/						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
						1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.3-2.4 (3H, m), 2.67 (2H, t, J=7.1 Hz),
	1					2.94 (2H, d, J=11.2 Hz), 7.0-7.2 (4H, m), 7.46 (1H, t,
	ļ	İ		1.		J=8.0 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J=7.5 Hz), 7.7-7.8 (1H, m), 8.11
	-				1	(1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.2 Hz)
(12)	ILT	H	Н	H	F	Mass: 365.9 (M ⁺)
(12)	 	†	+	 	- -	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
	ł					1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.25-2.45 (3H, m), 2.66 (2H, t, J=7.1
	İ					Hz), 2.93 (2H, d, J=11.2 Hz), 3.71 (3H, s), 6.81 (2H, d,
	l			1		J=8.7 Hz), 7.02 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.45 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz),
			İ			7.58 (1H, d, J=7.5 Hz), 7.7-7.8 (1H, m), 8.10 (1H, dd,
		1				
(10)			-		03.6-	J=7.9, 1.2 Hz)
(13)	H	H	H	H	OMe	Mass: 377.8(M ⁺)
ľ.						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
						1.8-2.0 (3H, m), 2.3-2.6 (4H, m), 2.6-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0
		1				(2H, m), 6.9-7.2 (4H, m), 7.34 (1H, t, J = 8.0Hz), 7.83
				L.	L	(1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz), 8.04 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz)
(14)	H	C1	H	H	F	Mass: 400 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁸	\mathbb{R}^{22}	\mathbb{R}^{23}	R ²⁴	
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m), 1.62
				1		(3H, s), 1.8-2.0 (3H, m), 2.3-2.6 (4H, m), 2.6-2.8 (2H, m),
				ļ .		2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 6.9-7.2 (4H, m), 7.31 (1H, t, J = 8.0Hz),
						7.81 (1H, dd, $J = 8.0$, 1.4Hz), 8.01 (1H, dd, $J = 8.0$,
						1.4Hz)
(15)	H	CI	H	H	Me	Mass: 396 (M ⁺ +H)
(13)	-	<u> </u>		-		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
				· .		1.8-2.0 (3H, m), 2.3-2.6 (4H, m), 2.6-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0
						(2H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 6.80 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 6.97 (2H, d, J
	l]		= 8Hz), 7.43 (1H, t, $J = 8Hz$), 7.91 (1H, dd, $J = 8.0$,
						1.4Hz), 8.07 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz)
(16)	H	Cl	H	Н	OMe	Mass: 412 (M ⁺ +H)
7	<u> </u>	 	F-	Ē		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
			1			1.8-2.0 (3H, m), 2.3-2.6 (4H, m), 2.6-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0
	ļ			}		(2H, m), 7.0-7.3 (5H, m), 7.42 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.91 (1H,
				-	•	dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz), 8.07 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz)
(17)	Н	Cı	H	H	н	Mass: 382 (M++H)
11/	-	ļ		ſ-		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
				İ		1.7-2.0 (3H, m), 2.24 (3H, s), 2.4-2.6 (2H, m), 2.67 (3H,
						s), 2.5-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 6.96 (2H, d, 8Hz),
		1				7.05 (2H, d, $J = 8Hz$), 7.30 (1H, t, $J = 8Hz$), 7.60 (1H, dd,
				ļ		J = 7.6, 1.4Hz), 7.93 (1H, dd, $J = 7.6, 1.4$ Hz)
(18)	H	Me	H	н	Me	Mass: 376 (M ⁺ +H)
()	F=-					¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (3H, m),
1						1.7-2.1 (4H, m), 2.2-2.4 (4H, m), 2.51 (3H, s), 2.6-2.8
-					1	(2H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 3.72 (3H, s), 6.80 (2H, d, 8Hz),
					ŀ	7.01 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.32 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.62 (1H, dd,
						J = 7.6, 1.4Hz), 7.94 (1H, dd, $J = 7.6$, 1.4Hz)
(19)	H	Me	H	H	OMe	Mass: 392 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-1.7 (4H, m),
				ŀ		1.8-2.1 (3H, m), 2.3-2.5 (4H, m), 2.51 (3H, s), 2.6-2.8
				1		(2H, m), 2.8-3.1 (2H, m), 3.72 (3H, s), 7.0-7.3 (4H, m),
	١.				-	7.61 (1H, t, $J = 8Hz$), 7.93 (1H, dd, $J = 7.6$, 1.4Hz), 7.95
]]	J	1	(1H, dd, J = 7.6, 1.4Hz)
(20)	H	Me	H	H	F _	Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H)
<u> </u>						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-2.1 (7H,m),
						2.0-3.0 (8H, m), 2.50 (3H,s), 4.08 (3H,s), 6.9-7.8 (7H,m)
(21)	H	OMe	H	H	Me	Mass: 392 (M ⁺ +H)
	\Box	 	T			H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-2.0 (7H,m),
1				1		2.2-3.0 (8H, m), 2.49 (3H,s), 3.90 (3H,s), 6.9-7.8 (7H,m)
(22)	н	OMe	H	H	F	Mass: 396 (M+H)

No.	R ¹⁶	R18	\mathbb{R}^{22}	\mathbb{R}^{23}	R ²⁴	
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.3-2.0 (7H,m), 2.1-3.0 (8H, m), 3.49 (3H,s), 3.71 (3H, s), 4.00 (3H,s), 6.81 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.05 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.2-7.8 (3H,
(23)	H	OMe	H	H	ОМе	m) Mass: 408 (M ⁺ +H)
(24)		Н		Н	Н	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.2-1.7 (4H, m), 1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.2-2.5 (3H, m), 2.6-3.0 (4H, m), 6.9-7.3 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 8.05 (1H, s) Mass: 382 (M ⁺ +H)
(25)		Н		н	OMe	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.2-1.7 (4H, m), 1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.2-2.5 (3H, m), 2.6-3.0 (4H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 6.79 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 6.96 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.60 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 8.00 (1H, s) Mass: 412 (M ⁺ +H)
(26)		H	Н	Н	Me	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.2-1.7 (4H, m), 1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.2-2.5 (3H, m), 2.34 (3H, s), 2.6-3.0 (4H, m), 6.95 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.05 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 8.00 (1H, s) Mass: 396 (M ⁺ +H)
		C1				¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.2-2.0 (8H, m), 2.2-2.4 (3H, m), 2.5-3.0 (4H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 8.0-8.2 (2H, m)
(27)		CI	H	H	н	Mass: 417(M ⁺ +H)

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 9. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of Preparation 17, Preparation 20 and preparation 23-(2)

No.	R15	R ¹⁷	R ²²	\mathbb{R}^{23}	R ²⁴	
(1)	Cl	Н	H	н	ОМе	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.2-2.0 (8H, m), 2.2-2.4 (3H, m), 2.5-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 6.80 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 7.3-7.8 (3H, m) Mass: 412 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	\mathbb{R}^{15}	R17	\mathbb{R}^{22}	R ²³	R ²⁴	·
(2)	Cl	Н	Н	H		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.2-2.0 (8H, m), 2.2-2.4 (3H, m), 2.5-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 7.0-7.7 (8H, m) Mass: 382 (M ⁺ +H)
(3)	F	H	Н	H		¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.1-2.3 (4H, m), 2.4-2.6 (3H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 3.19 (2H, br d, J=6.2 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 6.89 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.05 (1H, dd, J=9.5, 8.4 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.41 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.5 Hz) Mass (API): 396.3 (M ⁺ +H)
(4)	F	H	Н	H	F	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.84 (2H, br d, J=8.2 Hz), 1.97 (2H, quint., J=5.7 Hz), 2.1-2.4 (4H, m), 2.4-2.7 (3H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 3.21 (2H, br d, J=6.5 Hz), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) Mass (API): 384.3 (M ⁺ +H)

10

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

5 Preparation 17 and Preparation 20.

No.	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	
(1)	٦	H	H	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.4 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.02 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.25 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 12.64 (1H, br) Mass (API) 364.3 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=7.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.30 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.13 (1H, m), 6.95 (1H, t, J=8.2 Hz), 7.1-7.5 (4H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 12.55(1H, br)
(2)	н	F	н	Mass (API): 364.4 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	\mathbb{R}^{22}	R ²³	R ²⁴	
	OMe	H	H	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.2 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q, J=2.6 Hz), 3.84 (3H, s), 5.83 (1H, m), 6.88 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 6.95 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.2-7.3 (2H, m), 7.42 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.28 (1H, d, J=11.2 Hz) Mass (APCI): 376.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(-)				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=7.2 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.30 (2H, q,
(4)			H	J=1.6 Hz), 3.84 (3H, s), 6.10 (1H, m), 6.82 (1H, dd, J=8.1, 2.6 Hz), 7.00 (1H, t, J=2.3 Hz), 7.06 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 7.26 (1H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz) Mass (APCI): 376.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(4)	H	OMe	<u>n</u>	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.42 (3H, t, J=7.0 Hz),
		-		2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (4H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 4.05 (2H, q, J=7.0 Hz), 6.01 (1H, br s), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz)
(5)	H	H	OEt	Mass (API-ES): 390.3 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.49 (3H, s), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.30 (2H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 6.08 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, J=7.5 Hz), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.0 Hz)
(6)	H	H	SMe	Mass (API-ES): 392.3 (M ⁺ +H)
				H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=5.9 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, q, J=3.3 Hz), 6.08 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 7.19 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J=6.6 Hz), 7.48 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 0.9 Hz)
(7)	н	H	OCF ₃	MS (APCI): 429.87 (M ⁺ +H)
(0)	***	T.T	E+	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.24 (3H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.5-3.0 (10H, m), 3.29 (2H, q, J=3.3 Hz), 6.06 (1H, m), 7.17 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) MS (APCl) 373.73 (M ⁺ +H)
(8)	H	H	Et	H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.3
				Hz), 2.64 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (4H, m), 2.95 (6H, s), 3.61 (2H, m), 5.98 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.72 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.24 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz)
(9)	Н	Н	N(Me) ₂	MS (API-ES): 389.4 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R ²²	\mathbb{R}^{23}	R ²⁴	
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.33 (9H, s), 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 3.30 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.08 (1H, br s), 7.3-7.5 (5H, m), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.8 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=6.7 Hz), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz)
(10)	H	H	t-Bu	MS (APCI): 402.00 (M ⁺ +H)
			Ph	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.97 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.4-2.5 (4H, m), 2.6-2.8 (4H, m), 3.12 (2H, br s), 6.20 (1H, m), 7.3-7.5 (6H, m), 7.5-7.8 (6H, m), 8.06 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 12.49 (1H, br s) MS (APCI): 422.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(11)	п	H	rn	
				H.NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.96 (2H, quint., J=6.9 Hz), 2.4-2.5 (4H, m), 2.6-2.7 (4H, m), 3.08 (2H, br s), 6.07 (1H, br s), 6.95 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 7.14 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.39 (2H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 7.40 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.77 (1H, t), 8.04 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 12.22 (1H, br s)
(12)	H	H	OPh	MS (API-ES): 438.3 (M ⁺ +H)
10.76				H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.68 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 3.33 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 6.24 (1H, t, J=3.6 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t), 7.54 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 7.94 (2H, d,
(13)	H	H	Ac	J=8.6 Hz), 8.22 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.2 Hz), 2.35 (3H, s), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.78-2.93 (6H, m), 3.30 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 6.06 (1H, m), 7.15 (2H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.43 (1H, d, J=6.5 Hz), 7.65 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=8.2 Hz), 8.24 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz)
(14)	H	H	Me	MS (APCI): 360.13 (M*+H)
(15)	H	H	OMe	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.79-2.93 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 3.82 (3H, s), 6.01 (1H, m), 6.88 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.37-7.46 (3H, m), 7.63 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz) MS (APCI): 376.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(16)		H	F	H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.79-2.93 (6H, m), 3.30 (2H, d, J=3.0 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 7.03 (2H, t, J=8.7 Hz), 7.37-7.46 (3H, m), 7.65 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 8.23 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz) MS (APCI): 364.00 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R^{22}	R ²³	\mathbb{R}^{24}	
(17)		Н		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.68 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.83-2.94 (6H, m), 3.33 (2H, d, J=3.1 Hz), 6.18 (1H, m), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.53-7.76 (6H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=6.6 Hz) MS (APCI): 413.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(18)		Н		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.68 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.78-2.94 (6H, m), 3.33 (2H, q, J=3.3 Hz), 6.21 (1H, m), 7.43 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.51-7.72 (6H, m), 8.22 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.1 Hz) MS (APCI): 370.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(19)		H	CH₂OH	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.9-2.1 (2H, m), 2.3-2.8 (10H, m), 3.07 (2H, d, J=2.8 Hz), 4.47 (2H, s), 6.08 (1H, s), 7.25 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.4-7.5 (1H, m), 7.59 (2H, d, J=7.5 Hz), 7.7-7.8 (1H, m), 8.0-8.1 (1H, m) Mass: 376.0 (M ⁺ +H)
(20)		H	CI	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H, m), 2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.12 (1H, m), 7.0-7.8 (8H, m) Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H)

The following compounds were prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 9. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

5 Preparation 17 and Preparation 20.

No.	R ¹³	R16	R17	R18	R ²⁴	
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): d/ppm 1.94 (2H, quint., J=6.8 Hz), 2.3-2.5 (4H, m), 2.5-2.7 (4H, m), 3.09
			_			(2H, br.s), 6.31 (1H, br.s), 7.39 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.5-7.7 (4H, m), 7.77 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 12.23 (1H, br.s)
(1)	CI	H	H	H	CN	Mass (APCI): 405.00 (M ⁺ +H)

H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 5.97 (1H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.40 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.65 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , 8): 2.04 (2H, quint, J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.2 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz), MS (APCI): 364.07 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , 6): 2.03 (2H, quint, J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4)	No.	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁶	\mathbb{R}^{17}	R18	R ²⁴	
2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 5.97 (1H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.40 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.51 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.51 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.55 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz) (2) Cl H H H OME Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl,, δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.2 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz) MS (APCI): 364.07 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl,, δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl,, δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-de, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-de, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (3H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8, 0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8, 0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, J=8, 0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d), 1-8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8, 0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d), 1-8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8, 0, 1.6 Hz), 7.91 (1H, d), J=8.01, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.75 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.75 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.75 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.75 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.75 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.78 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H, d), J=8.12, 7.74 (1H	F-0.	F -	[1			"H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m).
(2) Cl H H H OME (IH, dd, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.40 (1H, dd, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.51 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.55 (1H, t, J = 7.6 Hz) (B) Mass: 410 (M*+H) (C) Mass: 410 (M*+H) (E) Mass: 410 (M*+H							
(1H, dd, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.51 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.65 (1H, t, J= 7.6 Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl., δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.2 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz) (3) F H H H H M MS (APCl): 364.07 (M*+H) H NNMR (200MHz, CDCl., δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q. J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4) F H H OME MS (APLES): 394.4 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl., δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d. J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) (5) F H H F F MS (APCl): 381.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-de, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.1), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.1), 7.28 (2H, d. J=8.1), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.1), 7.94 (1H, m),			1	1			
(2) Cl H H H OMe Mass: 410 (M*H) (3) F H H H H OMe Mass: 410 (M*H) (4) F H H H H OMe Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (5) F H H H H F MMR (200MHz, CDCl, 8): 2.04 (2H, quint, J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.2 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz) (4) F H H H OMe Ms (APCI): 364.07 (M*H) (5) F H H H F F Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (6) H H Cl H H F Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (7) H Cl H H F Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (8) H Cl H H OMe Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (8) H Cl H H H M OME Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (8) H Cl H H H M OME Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (8) H Cl H H H H M OME Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (8) H Cl H H H M OME Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (9) H Cl H H H M OME Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (9) H Cl H H M OME Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (10) Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (11) Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (12) Ms (APCI): 381.87 (M*H) (22-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) (22-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (3H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, J=8.0), 7.65 (1H, d, J=		1				1	
(2) C1 H H H OMe Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.2 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz) (3) F H H H H H H M K (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q. J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, d. J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4) F H H H OME MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d. J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) (5) F H H F M M MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d. J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd. J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.76 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.71 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.71 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8			1	ŧ			
H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.2 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz) MS (APCl): 364.07 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q. J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d. J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) MS (APCl): 394.4 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d. J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) MS (APCl): 331.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, d. J=8.0 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.79 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.778 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.778 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.778 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.12), 7.78 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=8.0), 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d. J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d. J=1.2 Hz)	(2)	CI	H	H	н	ОМе	
(3) F H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	(2)	-		<u> </u>	T		
(3) F H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H						l .	
(6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 5.4 Hz) MS (APCI): 364.07 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, CDCl3, \delta): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q. J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4) F H H OME MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, CDCl3, \delta): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) (5) F H H F M MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d6, \delta): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d6, \delta): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d6, \delta): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H,	1						
(3) F H H H H M MS (APCI): 364.07 (M*+H) "H NMR (200MHz, CDCl., 6): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4) F H H H OME MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) "H NMR (200MHz, CDCl., 6): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) "H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 6): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) "H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 6): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) "H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) "H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	ļ						
H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.7 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4)	(2)	-	ш	L T	ш	T.T	
Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, q, J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (4) F H H H OME MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , 8): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-77 (1H, m) MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, I=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.99 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , 8): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	(3)	 	11	11	+-	11	
J=3.2 Hz), 6.00 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.04 (1H, dd, J=10.5, 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint, J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) MS (APCl): 381.87 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 16Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) HNMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) "H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)							
(4) F H H H OME MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M'+H) (4) F H H H OME MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M'+H) (5) F H H H F M F MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M'+H) (6) H H Cl H F M MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M'+H) (7) H Cl H H F MSS: 398 (M'+H) (8) H Cl H H OME MSS: 398 (M'+H) (8) H Cl H H OME MSS: 398 (M'+H) (8) H Cl H H OME MSS: 410 (M'+H) (9) H Cl H H MSS: 380 (M'+H) (10) MSS: 380 (M'+H) (11) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (12) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (13) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (4) MSS: 380 (M'+H) (5) M MSS: 410 (M'+H) (6) M MSS: 410 (M'+H) (7) M MSS: 410 (M'+H) (8) H Cl H H M MSS: 410 (M'+H) (8) H Cl H M MSS: 388 (M'+H) (9) H Cl H M MSS: 388 (M'+H) (9) H Cl H M MSS: 388 (M'+H) (10) MSS: 380 (M'+H) (11) MSS: 380 (M'+H) (12) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (13) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (4) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (5) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (6) M MSS: 380 (M'+H) (7) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (8) M MSS: 410 (M'+H) (9) MSS: 410 (M'+H) (9) MSS: 380 (M'+H) (9) M M MMR (2000MHz, DMSO-d6, 6): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)							
(4) F H H H OME (200MHz, T.62 (1H, dt, J=8.2, 5.5 Hz) (A) F H H H OME (200MHz, CDCl3, δ): 2.04 (2H, quint, J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) (5) F H H H F MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) (5) H H CI H H M F MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) (6) H H CI H H MSS (38H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) (6) H H CI H H F MSS (38H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (7) H CI H H F MSS: 398 (M*+H) (8) H CI H H OME MSS: 410 (M*+H) (8) H CI H H OME MSS: 410 (M*+H) (9) H CI H H M MSS: 380 (M*+H) (9) H CI H H M MSS: 380 (M*+H) (11, 14, 1.6Hz) (12, 2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (1H, dd, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, J=9.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)							
(4) F H H H OMe MS (API-ES): 394.4 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, J=1.2 Hz)							
H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) (5) F H H F MS (APCl): 381.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H)	(4)	177	7.7	r.r	TT	01/10	
(5) F H H F F MSC (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.9-7.1 (3H, m), 7.3-7.5 (3H, m), 7.5-7.7 (1H, m) MS (APCI): 381.87 (M ⁴ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M ⁴ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M ⁴ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M ⁴ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	(4)	r	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	Olvie	
[5] F H H F F MS (APCI): 381.87 (M ⁴ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M ⁴ +H)		ļ					
(5) F H H H F MS (APCI): 381.87 (M ¹ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M ¹ +H)		1	•	1			
(5) F H H F MS (APCI): 381.87 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)			1				
H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz)		Ŀ		L.	_		
2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.08 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M ^t +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M ^t +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M ^t +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M ^t +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	(5)	F	<u> </u>	片	<u> </u>	<u>r</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(6H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, J=8.0, J=8.0, J=9.0) H Cl H H H Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)			1				
(6) H H Cl H H Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)				1		1	
H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 398 (M*+H)	l	L	L		L .	L	
2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.01 (1H, m), 7.0-7.5 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (7) H Cl H H F Mass: 398 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H H Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	(6)	H	H	Cl	H	H	
(5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (7) H Cl H H F Mass: 398 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H M Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)							
(7) H Cl H H F Mass: 398 (M [†] +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M [†] +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H M Mass: 380 (M [†] +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	1					·	
(7) H Cl H H F Mass: 398 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H M Mass: 380 (M*+H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)		ĺ.			-	1	
H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M [†] +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H M Mass: 380 (M [†] +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)			1.	١.			
2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 5.94 (1H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M ⁺ +H) (1	(7)	H	Cl	H	H	F	
d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M ⁺ +H) 1 h NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H M Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) 1 h NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)				1			
7.75 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 410 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)		1			'		
(8) H Cl H H OMe Mass: 410 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	1						
¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H M Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) ¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)			1				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 7.1-7.5 (5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	(8)	H	Cl	H	H	OMe	
(5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6 Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz) (9) H Cl H H H Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) ¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)							
(9) H Cl H H H Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	[1			
(9) H Cl H H H Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)		1		1			(5H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.6
(9) H Cl H H H Mass: 380 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	1		1				Hz), 8.01 (1H, d, 1.6Hz)
¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)	(9)	H	CI	H	H	H	Mass: 380 (M++H)
2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)			1	1			¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
(5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J=1.2 Hz)		'		1			2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.99 (1H, m), 7.2-7.4
		1					
RIVILL IOL HI IOL HI PIERRO, (ATA 'AA)	(10)	H	Cl	H	Cl	H	Mass: 415 (M+H)

No.	\mathbb{R}^{13}	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁷	R ¹⁸	R ²⁴	
	•					H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
		İ				2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 5.88 (1H,
						m), 6.85 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.22 (2H, J=8 Hz), 7.88 (1H, d,
						J=1.5 Hz), 8.11 (1h,d, J=1.5 Hz)
(11)	H	Cl	H	CI	ОМе	Mass: 445 (M ⁺ +H)
()		 -	-	<u> </u>		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.95 (1H, m), 6.9-7.3
			i			(4H,m), 7.86 (1H, d, J=1.5 Hz), 8.00 (1H,d, J=1.5 Hz)
(12)	н	Cı	H	CI	F	Mass: 433 (M ⁺ +H)
(12)	-	<u> </u>	-	 		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
		· .		١.		2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.48 (3H, s), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 5.95 (1H,
		İ		-		m), 7.0-7.3 (4H,m), 8.01 (1H, d, J=1.5 Hz), 8.06 (1H,d,
	1					J=1.5 Hz)
(13)	н	Cl	H	Cl	Me	Mass: 429 (M ⁺ +H)
(13)		<u> </u>		1		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H, m),
						2.3-2.9 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.04 (1H, m), 7.1-7.3
		}	Ì			(2H, m), 7.3-7.5 (2H, m), 7.6-7.9 (3H, m)
(14)	H	F	H	H	F	Mass: 382 (M ⁺ +H)
()	-	f -		<u> </u>		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H, m),
	ļ	Ì		1 '		2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 5.97 (1H,
						m), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.6-7.9
					į	(3H, m)
(15)	Н	F	н	H	OMe	Mass: 394 (M++H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H, m),
		[2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.12 (1H, m), 7.0-7.8
				ł		(7H, m)
(16)	H	F	H	H	Cl	Mass: 398 (M ⁺ +H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H, m), 2.32
					1	(3H, s), 2.8-3.8 (10H, m), 6.16 (1H, m), 7.2-7.9 (9H, m)
(17)	H	Me	H	H	H _	Mass: 360 (M+H)
	·					H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H, m), 2.51
						(3H, s), 2.8-3.8 (10H, m), 6.13 (1H, m), 7.1-7.7 (6H, m),
						7.86 (1H, s)
(18)	H_{-}	Me	H	H	F	Mass: 378 (M+H)
						H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.80 - 2.20 (2H, m), 2.30 - 2.90
				1		(8H, m), 3.10 (2H, d, J=3.1 Hz), 6.06 (1H, s), 7.00 - 7.60
						(6H, m), 8.03 (1H, dd, J=1.4 Hz, J=7.8 Hz), 8.30 (1H, dd,
						J=1.4 Hz, J=7.8 Hz)
(19)	H	H	H	I	H	Mass (APCI): 470.20 (M+H)
						'H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.80 - 2.10 (2H, m), 2.20 - 2.90
1						(8H, m), 3.10 (2H, d, J=2.7 Hz), 6.07 (1H, s), 7.10 - 7.60
]						(6H, m), 7.90 - 8.20 (2H, m), 12.42 (1H, brs)
(20)	H	H	H_	Br	H	Mass (APCI): 424.33 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R ¹⁵	R^{16}	R ¹⁷	RIS	\mathbb{R}^{24}	
		<u> </u>				H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.24 (3H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 1.80 -
		İ				2.10 (2H, m), 2.20 - 2.80 (8H, m), 3.00 (2H, q, J=7.4 Hz),
						6.11 (1H, s), 7.10 - 7.50 (6H, m), 7.63 (1H, dd, J=1.6, 7.3)
	1					Hz), 7.91 (1H, dd, J=1.6, 7.9 Hz)
(21)	H	H	Н	Et	H	Mass (APCI): 373.49 (M+H)
(21)	_					¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.9-2.1 (2H, m), 2.46 (2H, s),
		'				2.5-2.8 (6H, m), 3.05 (2H, s), 3.74 (3H, s), 5.95 (1H, s),
		1	1			6.86 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.28 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.38 (1H,
	i					t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.81 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.99 (1H, d, J=7.8
						Hz)
(22)	H	H	H	CI		Mass: 410.0 (M ⁺ +H)
(22)		-		<u> </u>	01110	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.9-2.1 (2H, m), 2.29 (2H, s),
		ŀ				2.45-2.8 (6H, m), 3.07 (2H, d, J=3.1 Hz), 6.06 (1H, s),
		Ì				7.2-7.4 (6H, m), 7.90 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.5 Hz), 7.99 (1H,
			ŀ		<u> </u>	dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 12.46 (1H, br s)
(23)	н	Н	H	Cl	н	Mass: 380.1 (M+H)
						H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.9-2.1 (2H, m), 2.3-2.5 (2H,
						m), 2.5-2.8 (6H, m), 3.10 (2H, d, J=2.6 Hz), 6.24 (1H, s),
						7.36 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 7.66 (2H,
						d, J=8.3 Hz), 7.91 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.98 (1H, dd,
						J=7.8, 1.4 Hz)
(24)	H	H	H	C1.	CF ₃	Mass: 448.1 (M+H)
						¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.9-2.1 (2H, m), 2.3-2.5 (2H,
						m), 2.5-2.8 (4H, m), 3.07 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 4.46 (2H, d,
			.			J=5.0 Hz), 5.12 (1H, t, J=5.4 Hz), 6.05 (1H, s), 7.24 (2H,
						d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.31 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.38 (1H, t, J=7.9
].						Hz), 7.90 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.4 Hz), 7.99 (1H, dd, J=7.9,
			ľ			1.4 Hz)
(25)	H	H	H_	Cl	CH2OH	Mass: 410.0 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m),
	'					2.2-2.8 (8H,m), 3.3 (2H, br.s), 6.03 (1H, m), 7.0-7.2 (2H,
						m), 7.3-7.6 (2H, m), 7.42 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.90 (1H,dd,
	Ŀ				L	J=8.0, 1.4 Hz), 7.99 (1H,dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz)
(26)	H	H	H	Cl	F	Mass: 398 (M+H)
		1				H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m),
'					1	2.2-2.8 (8H,m), 3.1 (2H, br.s), 3.74 (3H,s), 5.98 (1H, m),
ĺ						6.87 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.28 (1H t, J=8.2 Hz), 7.29 (2H,
			1.	.]		d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.96 (1H, dd,
			-	C1	03.6	J=8.8, 1.4 Hz)
(27)	H	H	H	CI	OMe_	Mass: 410 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R 13	R 16	\mathbb{R}^{17}	R 18	R ²⁴	
<u>μνο.</u>		μ.	<u> </u>	μ_	μ.	III NIME (200MUz DMCO 4 S): 1 2 2 1 (2U m) 2 1
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m), 2.1
				1		(3H, s), 2.2-2.8 (8H,m), 3.1 (2H, br.s), 6.03 (1H, m), 7.11
					1	(2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.22 (2H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.29 (1H, t,
				',		J=8.8 Hz), 7.81 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.96 (1H, dd,
1	L		L			J=8.8, 1.4 Hz)
(28)	H	H	H	Cl	Me	Mass: 394 (M+H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m),
						2.3-2.8 (8H,m), 3.05 (2H, br.s), 6.13 (1H, m), 7.2-7.5
1						(5H, m), 7.83 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz), 7.96 (1H, dd,
		l				J=8.0, 1.4 Hz)
(29)	H	H.	H	C1	Cl	Mass: 415 (M+H)
l	l				1.	H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m),
1		1				2.3-2.8 (8H,m), 3.05 (2H, br.s), 6.07 (1H, m), 7.2-7.5
						(5H, m), 7.86 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz), 7.97 (1H, dd,
ļ						J=8.0, 1.4 Hz)
(30)	H.	H	H	Cl	H	Mass: 380 (M+H)
			ļ			H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.50
						(3H, s), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 6.28 (1H, br.s),
			1			7.29 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.5-7.8 (5H, m), 7.88 (1H, d, J=8
						Hz)
(31)	H	H	H	Me	CF ₃	Mass: 428 (M+H)
	Ì		1		1	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.50
		}			}	(3H, s), 2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.15 (1H, m),
			1			7.2-7.6 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.88 (1H,
			.			dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz)
(32)	H	H .	H	Me	Cl	Mass: 394 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.40
						(3H, s), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m),
		1.	-			6.06 (1H, m), 7.11 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, J=8 Hz),
	1		1.			7.30 (1H, t, J=8 Hz), 7.61 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.89
		1				(1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz)
(33)	H	H	H	Me	Me	Mass: 374 (M+H)
						'H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.59
	j '	1		1		(3H, s), 2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s),
		\ .				5.99 (1H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.25 (2H, d, J=8 Hz),
1						7.25 (1H, t, J=8 Hz), 7.60 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.89
						(1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz)
(34)	H	H	H	Me	OMe	Mass: 389 (M+H)
		-				H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.59
		1				(3H, s), 2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m),
						7.0-7.5 (5H,m), 7.80 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.95 (1H,
						dd, J=7.6, 1.4 Hz)
(35)	H	H	H	Me	F	Mass: 378 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	\mathbb{R}^{15}	\mathbb{R}^{16}	\mathbb{R}^{17}	R ¹⁸	\mathbb{R}^{24}	
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.89 (3H, m), 6.11 (1H,
						m), 7.1-7.7 (7H, m)
(36)	H	H	H	OMe	H	Mass: 376 (M ⁺ +H)
		Ì				H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
		ł				2.6-2.9 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.88 (3H, m), 6.29 (1H,
İ		į				m), 7.2-7.8 (7H, m)
(37)	H_	H	H	OMe	CF ₃	Mass: 444 (M ⁺ +H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
Ì	İ	ĺ				2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.88 (3H, m), 6.15 (1H,
		Į.				m), 7.2-7.7 (7H, m)
(38)	H	H	H	OMe	Cl	Mass: 410 (M+H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.27
	•		1			(3H, s), 2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.88 (3H, m),
						6.07 (1H, m), 7.1-7.7 (7H, m)
(39)	H	H	H	OMe	Me	Mass: 390 (M+H)
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.27
	1					(3H, s), 2.4-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 3.88 (3H, m),
			L			4.09 (3H, s), 5.99 (1H, m), 6.8-7.7 (7H, m)
(40)	H	H	H	OMe	OMe	Mass: 406 (M+H)
		ļ				H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): d/ppm 1.98 (2H,
		1				quint., J=6.9 Hz), 2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.11 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.29 (1H, br s), 7.36 (1H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d,
					ł	J=8.5 Hz), 7.77 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.90 (1H, d, J=7.8
]					Hz), 7.97 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 12.49 (1H, br)
(41)	-	r.r	H	CI	CN	Mass (APCI): 405.00 (M+H)
(41)	П	H	<u> </u>	CI ·	CIN	"H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): d/ppm 1.99 (2H,
		1				quint., J=6.9 Hz), 2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.11 (2H, d, J=2.8
						Hz), 6.26 (1H, br s), 7.37 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.49 (2H, d,
			'	1		J=8.4 Hz), 7.90 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.91 (1H, d, J=7.8
						Hz), 7.98 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 12.44 (1H, br)
(42)	H	H	H	Cl	Ac	Mass (API-ES): 422.2 (M ⁺ +H)
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 9. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

5 Preparation 17 and Preparation 20.

No.	R 13	R^{16}	R ¹⁷	R ¹⁸	\mathbb{R}^{24}	
110.		_		- 		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.0
					ŀ	Hz), 2.62 (2H, t, J=5.8 Hz), 2.78 (4H, t, J=5.0 Hz),
						2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 3.45 (4H, t, J=5.0 Hz), 6.87 (1H, t, J=7.2)
		İ		'		2.8-3.0 (2H, M), 3.43 (4H, I, J=3.0 Hz), 0.67 (1H, I, J=7.2)
				1 .	1	Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.28 (2H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.42
				ľ	1	(1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=8.0
					ł	Hz), 12.92 (1H, br s)
(1)	H	H	H	H	H	Mass (APCI): 349.20 (M ⁺ +H)
	[.					H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
ĺ		İ		Ì		2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.7-7.2 (5H, m), 7.33
						(1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.85 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz), 8.01 (1H,
						dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz)
(2)	H	H	H	ci	H	Mass: 383 (M+H)
				<u> </u>		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H,
İ				1		m),2.3-3.0 (12H, m), 3.67 (3H, s), 6.8-7.0 (4H, m), 7.36
						(1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.88 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz), 7.99 (1H,
						dd, J=8.0, 1.4 Hz)
(3)	Н	H	H	Cl	OMe	Mass: 413 (M ⁺ +H)
(3)	-	-	1	 	01.10	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H,
	1	1			ļ ·	m),2.3-2.9 (8H, m), 3.1-3.3 (4H, m), 6.97 (2H, d, J=8.0
						Hz), 7.06 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.55 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 8.00
						(1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.02 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz)
			7.7		CNI	
(4)	H	H	H	Cl	CN	Mass: 408 (M+H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.18
ł					j '	(3H, s), 2.1-2.9 (8H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 6.75 (2H, d,
						J=8.0 Hz), 7.00 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.40 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz),
			1	1	Į.	7.91 (1H, dd, J= 8.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.01 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2
1				1		Hz)
(5)	H	H	H	Cl	Me	Mass: 398 (M+H)
				1		'H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H,
		1	1	ł	1	m),2.3-3.2 (12H, m), 6.9-7.7 (10H, m), 7.80 (1H, dd,
		i				J=8.0, 1.2 Hz), 7.95 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2Hz)
(6)	H	H	H	Cl	Ph	Mass: 459 (M ⁺ +H)
			1			'H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
1				i		2.3-3.2 (12H, m), 6.7-7.1 (4H, m), 7.35 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz),
	1					7.86 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.00 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz)
(7)	H	H	Н	Cl	F	Mass: 401 (M+H)
	+	-	<u> </u>	 		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
			1	1		2.3-3.0 (12H, m), 6.99 (2H, d, J=9.6 Hz), 7.39 (1H, t,
						J=7.9 Hz), 7.90 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.6 Hz), 8.0-8.2 (3H, m)
(0)	127	r.r		Cl	NO₂	Mass: 428 (M+H)
(8)	H	H	H	- 	µVO2	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
						H NIVIK (2001VITZ, DIVISO-U6, 0). 1.0-2.0 (211, 111),
1	1				,	2.3-3.0 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (4H, m), 7.00 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz),
						7.3-7.6 (3H, m), 7.91 (1H, dd, J=7,9, 1.4 Hz), 8.02 (1H,
		L	L			dd, J=7.9, 1.4 Hz)
(9)	H	H	H	Cl	CF ₃	Mass: 451 (M+H)

No.	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁷	R18	R ²⁴	
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
			1			2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.52 (3H, s), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 6.8-7.1
				1		(4H, m), 7.31 (1H, t, J=8 Hz), 7.62 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.90
						(1H, d, J=8 Hz)
(10)	u	H	H	Me	F	Mass: 381 (M ⁺ +H)
(10)	11	11	11	IVIC		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.52 (3H, s), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 6.90 (2H,
						d, J=8 Hz), 7.22 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.28 (1H, t, J=8 Hz),
	٠.					7.59 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.88 (1H, d, J=8 Hz)
(11)	u	H	H	Me	Cl	Mass: 397 (M ⁺ +H)
(11)		<u> </u>	11	INTE	Ci	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.6-2.0 (4H, m),
						2.2-2.8 (5H, m), 3.0-3.3 (4H, m), 3.88 (3H, s), 6.8-7.7
-						
(12)		r r	r.r	01/0	CI	(7H, m)
(12)	<u> </u>	H	H	OMe	<u></u>	Mass: 413 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.6-2.0 (4H, m),
		-	1	1		2.2-2.8 (5H, m), 3.0-3.3 (4H, m), 3.88 (3H, s), 6.8-7.7
		ļ		ľ		
(12)	T T	7.7	TT	OM	102	(7H, m) Mass: 397 (M ⁺ +H)
(13)	<u> </u>	H	H	OMe	r —	
	ĺ		·		м	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
					j	2.2-3.0 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.8-7.0 (2H, m), 7.1-7.3
	тт	-	TT	03.6-	CI	(2H, m), 7.4-7.8 (3H, m)
(14)	H	H	п.	OMe	CI	Mass: 401 (M ⁺ +H) H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
					J	2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.88 (2H, d, J=8 Hz),
						7.18 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.81 (1H, d,
ĺ					1	J=8 Hz), 7.99 (1H, s)
(15)	T.T	CI	T.T	ET .	CI	Mass: 417 (M+H)
(15)	LI.	Cl	H	H .	Cl	'H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.7-7.1 (4H, m), 7.59
			1			(1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 8.52 (1H, s)
110		CI	r.T	T.T	l l	Mass: 401 (M+H)
(16)	п	Cl	H	H	F	
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
		1				2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 6.7-7.2 (5H, m), 7.61
(10)			L.	-	L.	(1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 8.32 (1H, s)
(17)	H	Cl	H	H	H	Mass: 383 (M+H)
			1			H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
			[1		2.2-3.2 (10H, m), 6.8-7.1 (2H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J=8 Hz),
1			-	 T T	l c	7.80 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.9-8.1 (3H, m)
(18)	<u>H</u>	CI	<u>H</u> _	H	NO ₂	Mass: 428 (M+H)
1						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
	-		.			2.2-3.2 (10H, m), 6.8-7.8 (10H, m), 7.81 (1H, d, J=8 Hz),
		<u> </u>				7.98 (1H, s)
(19)	H	Cl	\mathbf{H}_{-}	H	Ph	Mass: 459 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁷	R18	R ²⁴	
			<u>.</u>			¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
		ł				2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 2.9-3.2 (4H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, J=8 Hz),
(0.0)	a.				G.	7.26 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.3-7.7 (3H, m)
(20)	Cl	H	H	H_	Cl	Mass: 417 (M*+H)
					ľ	H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
			١.			2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.1-3.3 (4H, m), 6.84 (2H, d, J=9.2 Hz),
		1		-		7.32 (2H, d, J=9.2 Hz), 7.37 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.71 (1H,
						d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.78 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.04 (1H, dd,
(0.1)	**		7.7		m .	J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(21)	H	H	H	H	Br	Mass: 428 (M+H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.1-3.3 (4H, m), 6.88 (2H, d, J=9.2 Hz),
		1				7.35 (2H, d, J=9.2 Hz), 7.38 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.71 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.78 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.05 (1H, dd,
		ļ				J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(22)	r.r	H	H	H	Cl	Mass: 383 (M++H)
(22)	17	-	11	11	<u>C1</u>	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.1-3.3 (4H, m), 6.8-7.0 (4H, m), 7.40
						(1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.82 (1H, td,
						J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(23)	н	H	H	H	F	Mass: 367 (M+H)
(23)	-	1	-		Ť	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
	l			1		2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 3.67 (3H, m), 6.6-7.0
			÷			(4H, m), 7.40 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz),
					1	7.70 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.05 (1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(24)	H	H	H	H	OMe	Mass: 379 (M ⁺ +H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
					•	2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 6.6-7.0 (4H, m), 7.43
						(1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.76 (1H, td,
	Ì					J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(25)	H	H	H	H	OH	Mass: 365 (M+H)
					:	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
-	ļ	1	1			2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.2-3.5 (4H, m), 7.02 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz),
					}	7.33 (1H, t, J=9.0Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, J=9.0Hz), 7.69 (1H,
	ł	ļ				td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.07 (2H,
		1				d, J=8.0 Hz)
(26)	H	H	H	H	NO ₂	Mass: 394 (M+H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
1						2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 6.44 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz),
]						6.81 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.39 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.57 (1H, d,
		.'				J=9.0 Hz), 7.75 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd,
	_					J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(27)	H	H	H	H	NH_2	Mass: 364 (M ⁺ +H)

No	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁶	R ¹⁷	R ¹⁸	R ²⁴	
10.		 ` -	<u> </u>	 		'H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
						2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 6.5-7.0 (4H, m), 7.39
		٠		ł	ŀ	(1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.57 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.75 (1H, td,
						J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(28)	H	H	H	H	N(Me)	Mass: 392 (M ⁺ +H)
(20)	-	 		-	1 (1120)2	H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
	İ	.	ļ	ļ	·	2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (4H, m), 6.7-8.2 (14H, m)
(29)	Н	H	H	Н		Mass: 467 (M ⁺ +H)
(2)		1	<u> </u>		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 1.98
	<u> </u>	[(3H, s), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 6.81 (2H, d,
					,	J=8 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.39 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz),
		ļ	١.			7.57 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.77 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06
į				ŀ	·	(1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(30)	н	H	H	H	NHAc	Mass: 406 (M ⁺ +H)
(30)		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
	ĺ	1				2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.5 (4H, m), 6.98 (2H, d, J=8 Hz),
	ļ		. .			7.39 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.57 (1H, d,
	1					J=9.0 Hz), 7.80 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd,
		İ				J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(31)	Н	H	H	Н	CN	Mass: 374 (M+H)
						H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
1			1.]		2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.5 (4H, m), 6.90 (2H, d, J=8 Hz),
					1	7.35 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.57 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.71 (2H,
						d, J=8 Hz), 7.80 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd,
						J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(32)	H	H	H	H	COOH	Mass: 393 (M ⁺ +H)
	-					H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
1						2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.0-3.3 (4H, m), 6.8-7.0 (7H, m), 7.2-7.5
	1					(3H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, t, J=8 Hz), 8.06
						(1H, d J=8.0 Hz)
(33)	H	H	H	H	OPh	Mass: 441 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
	·		1			2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.5 (4H, m), 6.93 (2H, d, J=8Hz),
						7.42 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.77 (2H,
						d, J=8 Hz), 7.80 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd,
	1					J=9.0, 1.2 Hz)
(34)	H	H	H	H	Αc	Mass: 391 (M+H)
				İ		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m),
		1				2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.5 (4H, m), 6.9-8.1 (13H, m)
(35)	H	H	H_	H	Ph	Mass: 391 (M+H)

No.	\mathbb{R}^{15}	R16	R ¹⁷	R18	R ²⁴	
(36)	Н	Н	Н	H	Me	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.1 (3H, s), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.5 (4H, m), 6.88 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 6.81 (2H, d, J=8 Hz), 7.39 (1H, t, J=9.0 Hz), 7.57 (1H, d, J=9.0 Hz), 7.75 (1H, td, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=9.0, 1.2 Hz) Mass: 363 (M ⁺ +H)
(37)	H	H	Н	H	CF₃	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.5 (4H, m), 6.8-8.2 (8H, m) Mass: 417 (M ⁺ +H)

A mixture of 8-chloro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]4(3H)-quinazolinone (50 mg), 1-methylpiperazine (19.8 mg), palladium (II) acetate (2.96
5 mg), 2-(di-t-butylphosphino)biphenyl (7.86 mg), sodium t-butoxide (23 mg) in toluene (0.4 ml) and tetrahydrofuran (0.2 ml) was stirred at 80 °C under nitrogen atmosphere overnight. The mixture was cooled, diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane twice.

The combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography on silica gel using 10% methanol in dichloromethane to give the 8-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone.

Mass (APCI): 444.3 (M+H)

Example 16

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 15.

20

No.	R ¹⁸	
(1)	1-piperidyl	Mass (ESI): 429.3 (M ⁺ +H)
	(2R,6S)-2,6-Dimethyl-	
(2)		Mass (ESI): 459.3 (M ⁺ +H)
		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m), 2.3-2.8 (8H,m), 3.05 (2H, br.s), 6.20 (1H, m), 7.0-7.9 (8H, m)
(3)	1-pyrrolidynyl	Mass: 415 (M ⁺ +H)

No. R ¹⁸	
	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m), 2.1-3.2
	(16H, m), 3.7-3.9 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 7.0-8.0 (8H, m)
(4) 4-morpholinyl	Mass: 431 (M ⁺ +H)

To a suspension of

8-nitro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (50 mg) in ethanol (10 ml) and water (5 ml) were added iron powder (57 mg) and ammonium chloride (5.8 mg). After stirring under reflux for 1 hour, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 10% methanol in dichloromethane as an eluent to give 8-Amino-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone as a

10 brown powder.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.80 - 2.20 (2H, m), 2.30 - 3.30 (10H, m), 5.58 (2H, brs), 6.13 (1H,

s), 6.80 - 7.70 (8H, m), 12.03 (1H, brs)

Mass (ESI): 361.4 (M+H)

15 Example 18

A slurry of

8-amino-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (40 mg), 37% aqueous formaldehyde (0.088 ml), acetic acid (0.032 ml) and sodium cyanoborohydride (70 mg) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was stirred at room temperature overnight.

20 The reaction was quenched with aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate and extracted with dichloromethane three times. The combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 10% methanol in dichloromethane as an eluent to give

8-dimethylamino-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinon

25 e (18 mg) as a yellow solid.

 1H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.80 - 2.20 (2H, m), 2.30 - 2.90 (10H, m), 2.96 (6H, s), 6.15 (1H, s), 7.00 - 7.70 (8H, m), 12.15 (1H, brs)

Mass (ESI): 389.4 (M⁺+H)

30 Example 19

<u>18</u>.

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u>

(1) 8-benzylamino-2-{3-[4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-

4(3H)-quinazolinone

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m), 2.1-3.0 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 4.47 (2H, d, J = 6Hz), 6.09 (1H, m), 6.56 (1H, t, J = 6.2Hz), 6.69 (1H, d, J = 6.2Hz), 7.0-7.5 (12H, m)

Mass: 451 (M⁺+H)

Example 20

. 5

A solution of

8-amino-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (30 mg)
10 and acetic anhydride (17 mg) in dichloromethane was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated and purified by preparative thin layer chromatography (10% methanol in dichloromethane) to give N-{4-Oxo-2-[(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-3,4-dihydro-8-quinazolinyl}acetamide as a pale yellow powder. ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.80 - 2.20 (2H, m), 2.22 (3H, s), 2.30 - 3.00 (8H, m), 3.10 (2H, d, J=3.0 Hz), 6.10 (1H, s), 7.10 - 7.60 (6H, m), 7.70 (1H, dd, J=1.4, 8.0 Hz), 8.57 (1H, dd, J=1.4, 8.0 Hz), 9.51 (1H, s), 12.38 (1H, brs). Mass (ESI): 403.4 (M⁺+H)

Example 21

20 A mixture of

8-iodo-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (45 mg), (trimethylsilyl)acetylene (14.1 mg), dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (II) (6.7 mg), copper iodide (1.82 mg) and triethylamine (0.027 ml) in N,N-dimethylformamide was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen overnight. The mixture was diluted with water 25 and extracted with dichloromethane twice. The combined extracts were washed with water twice, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 10% methanol in dichloromethane as an eluent to give 2-[3-(4-Phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-8-[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone as a colorless powder (13 mg).

 1 H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 0.33 (9H, s), 0.70 - 3.30 (12H, m), 6.08 (1H, s), 7.10 - 8.30 (8H, m)

Mass (ESI): 441.64 (M+H)

Example 22

A solution of 2-[3-(4-Phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]8-[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (202 mg) in methanol was stirred at room

temperature in the presence of potassium carbonate (190 mg) for 3 hours. The mixture was diluted with water and extracted with dichloromethane twice. The combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography on silica gel using 10% methanol in

5 dichloromethane as an eluent to give

8-Ethynyl-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone the objective compound, which was converted to the corresponding hydrochloride salt (59 mg) by treatment of 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate.

1H NMR (DMSO-d6, d): 2.10 - 2.40 (2H, m), 2.60 - 3.00 (4H, m), 3.00 - 4.20 (6H, m),

4.51 (1H, s), 6.22 (1H, s), 7.10 - 7.80 (6H, m), 7.94 (1H, dd, J=1.5, 7.9 Hz), 8.11

(1H, dd, J=1.5, 7.9 Hz), 10.32 (1H, brs), 12.44 (1H, brs)

Mass (APCI): 370.07 (M⁺+H)

Example 23

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 21.

8-phenyl-2-{3-[4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H,m), 2.1-3.0 (8H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.09 (1H, m), 7.0-8.2 (13H, m)

20 Mass: $422 (M^++H)$

Example 24

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (0.363 mL, 2.75 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of

- 25 2-[3-(4-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (100 mg, 0.275 mmol) in dichloromethane (10mL) at −78 °C. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours (to −50 °C). (Diethylamino)sulfer trifluoride (0.363mL, 2.75mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred for further 2h (to 0 °C). Quenched with saturated aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate, the organic materials were extracted with ethyl acetate. Purification
- 30 over silica gel chromatography gave

2-[3-(4-fluoro-4-phenyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone (34mg, 33.8%).

¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.9-2.1 (4H, m), 2.5-2.9 (6H, m), 2.9-3.1 (4H, m), 7.31 (1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 7.44 (3H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (4H, m), 8.29 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz).

MS (APCl): 365.80 (M⁺+H)

35

Example 25

2-{3-[4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone (110 mg, 0.310 mmol) was suspended in a mixed solvent of chloroform (1 mL) and ethyl acetate (2 mL). To this suspension, a solution of hydrogen chloride (4M, 2.33 mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 1hour. The white precipitate was collected by filtration to give 2-{3-[4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride (124 mg, 104 %) as product.

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.29 (2H, quint., J=7.6 Hz), 2.8-2.9 (4H, m), 3.30 (2H, dd, J=8.6, 6.8 Hz), 3.5-4.2 (4H, m), 6.21 (1H, br s), 7.2-7.6 (6H, m), 7.73 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 7.86 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 8.13 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz).

10 MS (APCI): 346.13 (M⁺+H)

Example 26

25.

30

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u>

- 15 (1) 8-chloro-2-{3-[4-(4-acetylphenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.1-2.4 (2H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.7-3.0 (4H, m),
 3.2-3.5 (3H, m), 3.6-4.2 (3H, m), 6.40 (1H, br s), 7.46 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.65 (2H,
 d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.9-8.0 (3H, m), 8.06 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 10.65 (1H, br), 12.54 (1H,
 br)
- Mass (APCI): $422.07 (M^{+}+H)$
- 8-chloro-2-{3-[4-phenyl-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.1-2.45 (2H, m), 2.65-3.05 (4H, m), 3.15-3.45
 (3H, m), 3.55-3.9 (2H, m), 3.95-4.15 (1H, m), 6.20 (1H, s), 7.3-7.55 (6H, m), 7.95 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 8.05 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz)
 - (3) 8-chloro-2-{3-[4-[4-(tifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride

 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.15-2.35 (2H, m), 2.75-2.95 (4H, m), 3.25-3.45 (2H, m), 3.45-4.20 (4H, m), 6.37 (1H, s), 7.45 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.73 (4H, s), 7.94 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 8.05 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 10.59 (1H, br s), 12.53 (1H, br s)
- 8-Chloro-2-{3-[4-(4-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]-propyl}4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride
 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.15-2.40 (2H, m), 2.7-2.9 (4H, m), 3.6-4.2 (6H, m), 4.50
 (2H, s), 5.72 (1H, s), 6.18 (1H, s), 7.32 (2H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 7.4-7.5 (3H, m), 7.94 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 10.59 (1H, br s), 12.53 (1H,

br s)

Example 27

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, 1M boron tribromide in dichloromethane (1.99 ml)

was added to a solution of

2-{3-[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)piperidin-1-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone (150 mg) in
dichloromethane (7.5 ml) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours and the solvent was
evaporated. The residue was diluted with aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate and the
aqueous phase was removed with decant. The crude product was triturated with a mixture

of chloroform and methanol (10:1) and the resulting precipitate was collected by filtration.

The precipitate was washed with chloroform-methanol and dried under reduced pressure to
afford 2-{3-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)piperidin-1-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone (122 mg).

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.7-2.1 (4H, m), 2.1-2.3 (2H, m), 2.6-3.3 (9H, m), 6.72

(2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 7.51 (1H, dt, J=8.1, 1.1 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d,

J=8.0 Hz), 7.82 (1H, dt, J=8.4, 1.5 Hz), 8.11 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.1 Hz)

Mass: 361.80(M[†])

Example 28

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 27.

20 (1) 2-{3-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}4(3H)-quinazolinone

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.1-2.4 (2H, m), 2.65-2.95 (4H, m), 3.2-3.5 (3H, m),
3.6-4.2 (3H, m), 6.03 (1H, s), 6.77 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 7.56
(1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.67 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.85 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 8.14 (1H, dd,

25 J=7.8, 1.2 Hz)

Mass: 362.3 (M⁺+H)

Example 29

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, dimethylsulfoxide (0.093 ml) in dichloromethane
30 was added to a stirred solution of oxalylchloride (0.06 ml) in dichloromethane (10 ml) at

-78 °C. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour. To this solution was added a solution of
2-{3-[4-(4-hydroxymethyl)phenyl]-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl}propyl}4(3H)-quinazolinone (130 mg) in a mixture of dichloromethane (1.5 ml) and
dimethylsulfoxide (0.5 ml) at -70 °C. The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and to this
35 solution was added triethyl amine (0.25 ml) at the same temperature. The whole mixture
was gradually warmed to -20 °C and the reaction was quenched with water. The

aqueous layer was separated and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by preparative TLC eluting with chloroform-methanol to afford 2-{3-[4-(4-formylphenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone 5 (47mg).

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.85-2.1 (2H, m), 2.4-2.8 (10H, m), 3.12 (2H, d, J=2.8 Hz), 6.35 (1H, s), 7.42 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 7.5-7.65 (3H, m), 7.7-7.8 (1H, m), 7.86 (2H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 8.04 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.3 Hz), 9.97 (1H, s), 12:21 (1H, br s) Mass: 374.0 (M⁺)

10

Example 30

3-Chloro-2-({4-[4-(4-cyanophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]butanoyl}amino) benzamide (152 mg, 0.359 mmol) was dissolved in a mixed solvent of dioxane (2 mL) and methanol (3 mL). An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (1 M, 1.08 mL) was added to 15 the solution at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred at that temperature for 1hour. The organic materials were extracted with chloroform, and the organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate. The crude product was suspended in a mixed solvent of chloroform (1mL) and ethyl acetate (2mL). To this suspension, a solution of hydrogen chloride (4M, 2.0mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 1hour. 20 white precipitate was collected by filtration to give 8-chloro-2-{3-[4-(4-cyanophenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone (140mg, 88.3%) as product. ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.1-2.3 (2H, m), 2.7-2.9 (4H, m), 3.2-3.4 (3H, m), 3.7-4.0 (2H, m), 4.0-4.2 (1H, m), 6.44 (1H, br s), 7.46 (1H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 7.70 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 7.87 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.95 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J=7.9 25 Hz), 10.51 (1H, br), 12.53 (1H, br) Mass (APCI): 405.07 (M+H)

Example 31

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>.

30 If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of <u>Preparation 17</u> and <u>Preparation 20</u>.

5

¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.6-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 3.66 (2H, s), 6.18 (1H, m), 7.3-7.8 (7H, m) 1Mass: 377 (M⁺+H) (1) |Cl H CN ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.7-3.1 (4H, m), 3.2-3.4 (2H, m), 6.39 (1H, m), 7.2-7.9 (8H, m) 2Mass: 366 (M⁺+H) (2) |Cl H H H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.7-3.1 (4H, m), 3.2-3.4 (2H, m), 6.39 (1H, m), 7.2-7.8 (7H, m) 2Mass: 391 (M⁺+H) CN (3) Cl H ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 3.2-3.4 (2H, (m), 3.82 (3H, s), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.88 (1H, d J = 8.6Hz), 7.2-7.8 (6H, m) H OMe 2Mass: 396 (M+H) CI ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.3-2.5 (2H, m), 2.52 (3H, s), 2.6-2.9 (6H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 6.04 (1H, m), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.2-7.4 (3H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.90 (1H, d, J = 8Hz) 2Mass: 376 (M⁺+H) Me OMe ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.4-2.5 (2H, m), 2.52 (3H, s), 2.6-2.9 (6H, m), 6.40 (1H, m), 7.31 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.6-7.8 (5H, m), 7.90 (1H, d, J = 8Hz) Me CN (6) H 2Mass: 371 (M⁺+H) ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.4-2.5 (2H, m), 2.52 (3H, s), 2.6-2.9 (6H, m), 6.35 (1H, m), 7.33 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.6-7.8 (5H, m), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 8Hz) 2Mass: 414 (M⁺+H) (7) H Me CF₃ ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.72 (2H, br), 2.9-3.0 (6H, m), 3.38 (2H, g, J=3.1 Hz), 6.10 (1H, br s), 7.3-7.5 (6H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J=7.3 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 8.25 (1H, d, J=6.5 Hz). 2Mass (APCI): 331.67 (M⁺+H) (8) H H H H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.6-1.9 (2H, m), 1.95 (2H, quint., J=7.3 Hz), 2.5-2.7 (4H, m), 2.7-2.9 (4H, m), 3.22 (2H, q, J=3.1 Hz), 6.06 (1H, br s), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.67 (1H, d, J=6.8 Hz), 7.75 (1H, t, J=6.7 Hz), 8.26 (1H, d, J=6.6 Hz). 4Mass (APCI): 360.20 (MT+H) H H

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of <u>Preparation 17</u>, <u>Preparation 20</u> and <u>preparation 23-(2)</u>

5

.10

No	R15	R ¹⁸	R ²⁴	'n	X	
10.	<u> </u>	 		- - ''	- 1	H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.51 (7H, m), 2.6-2.8
						(4H, m), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 3.1-3.3 (4H, m), 6.92 (2H, d, J = 1.8)
	1	ĺ				8Hz), 7.21 (2H, d, $J = 8Hz$), 7.31 (1H, t, $J = 8Hz$), 7.61 (1H,
	1			l.		d, J = 8Hz), 7.91 (1H, $d, J = 8Hz$)
(1)	7.7	1	CI	1 2	N.T	Mass: 383 (M ⁺ +H)
(1)	n_	Me	CI	- 	N	
		1				H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.6-3.0 (8H, m), 3.1-3.3
			<u></u>		ļ.,	(4H, m), 7.0-7.8 (12H, m)
(2)	Cl	H	Ph	$-\frac{2}{1-2}$	N	Mass: 445(M+H)
		i				¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.4-2.7 (7H, m), 2.6-2.8
	i	1		1		(4H, m), 3.2-3.3 (4H, m), 7.01 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.33 (1H, t,
	i					J = 8Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, $J = 8Hz$), 7.63 (1H, d, $J = 8Hz$), 7.91
		İ			_	(1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(3)	H	Me	CN	2	N	Mass: 374 (M+H)
				-	ļ	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (4H, m), 2.7-2.9
		1		1		(4H, m), 3.1-3.3 $(4H, m)$, 6.93 $(2H, d, J = 8Hz)$, 7.22 $(2H, d, J = 8Hz)$
				1		J = 8Hz), 7.36 (1H, t, $J = 8Hz$), 7.87 (1H, d, $J = 8Hz$), 8.01
		1				(1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(4)	H	Cl	CN	2	N	Mass: 404 (M ⁺ +H)
						¹ H NMR (CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.3-1.9 (5H, m), 2.07 (2H, t, J=11.5
1				- 1		Hz), 2.60 (2H, d, J=6.3 Hz), 2.7-2.9 (4H, m), 3.08 (2H, d,
	1	1				J=11.9 Hz), 7.1-7.4 (5H, m), 7.43 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.61
	1	1				(1H, d, J=7.1 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 8.27 (1H, d, J=6.5
	1	1				Hz).
(5)	H	H	Bzl	2	CH	Mass (API-ES): 348.3 (M ⁺ +H)
	T			\top		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.65 (8H, br), 2.8-2.9 (4H,
	1		1	1.		m), 3.57 (2H, s), 7.2-7.4 (5H, m), 7.43 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz),
1	-			İ		7.61 (1H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 8.27 (1H, d,
1	1				1	J=7.9 Hz)
(6)	Н	н	Bzl	2	N	Mass (API-ES): 349.4 (M ⁺ +H)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	121	<u> </u>	μ, τ	<u></u>

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 9. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of Preparation 17 and Preparation 20.

5

		_				
No.	R18	R ²⁴	·			
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (2H, m), 2.7-2.9 (2H, m), 3.01 (2H,			
	-		d, $J = 3.0$ Hz), 3.46 (2H, dd, $J = 6.0$, 1.2Hz), 6.02 (1H, ,m), 6.30 (1H, d, $J = 1$			
		1	11.6Hz), 7.0-7.4 (6H, m), 7.81 (1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.20 (1H, dd, J = 8,			
		1	.2Hz)			
(1)	Cl	F	Mass: 396(M ⁺ +H)			
			H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (2H, m), 2.7-2.9 (2H, m), 3.2-3.3			
ļ		1	2H, m), 3.4-3.6 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 6.55 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.4			
			(6H, m), 7.81 (1H, dd, $J = 8,1.2Hz$), 8.20 (1H, dd, $J = 8, 1.2Hz$)			
(2)	Cl	Cl	Mass: 413 (M ⁺ +H)			
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (2H, m), 2.84 (2H, t, J = 5.6Hz),			
ì			3.30 (2H, d, J = 3.2 Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, ,m), 6.61 (1H, d, J = 3.2 Hz)			
			11.6Hz), $7.0-7.4$ (6H, m), 7.83 (1H, dd, $J = 8, 1.2Hz$), 8.19 (1H, dd, $J = 8$,			
			1.2Hz)			
(3)	Cl	CF ₃	Mass: 445 (M ⁺ +H)			
			H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (2H, m), 2.82 (2H, t, $J = 5.4$ Hz),			
			.30 (2H, d, $J = 3.2Hz$), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 3.81 (3H, s), 6.00 (1H, m), 6.84			
			1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 6.8-7.4 (6H, m), 7.80 (1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.20 (1H,			
			id, J = 8, 1.2Hz)			
(4)	CI	OMe	Mass: 408 (M ⁺ +H)			
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (5H, m), 2.84 (2H, t, $J = 5.4$ Hz),			
			3.30 (2H, d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), $3.4-3.5$ (2H, m), 3.81 (3H, s), 6.01 (1H, m), 6.58			
	1		(1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 6.8-7.4 (6H, m), 7.58 (1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.13 (1H, J)			
			dd, J = 8, 1.2Hz			
(5)	Me	OMe	Mass: 388(M ⁺ +H)			
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.23 (3H, s), 2.5-2.7 (5H, m), 2.84 (2H, t, J			
			= 5.4Hz), 3.30 (2H, d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.06(1H, m), 6.62 (1H,			
			d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.4 (6H, m), 7.59 (1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.10 (1H, dd, J			
			= 8, 1.2Hz)			
(6)	Me	Me	Mass: 372 (M ⁺ +H)			

A	n 18	R ²⁴			
No.	K	K			
(7)	Me	CF₃	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.2-2.4 (8H, m), 2.81 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.22 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.20 (1H, m), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.6 (7H, m), 8.12 (1H, dd, J = 8, 1.2Hz) Mass: 426 (M ⁺ +H)		
(8)	Me	F	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.2-2.4 (8H, m), 2.81 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.22 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.20 (1H, m), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.6 (7H, m), 8.12 (1H, dd, J = 8, 1.2Hz) Mass: 376 (M ⁺ +H)		
(9)			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.2-2.4 (8H, m), 2.81 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.22 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.23 (1H, m), 6.55 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.6 (7H, m), 8.00 (1H, dd, J = 8, 1.2Hz) Mass: 392(M ⁺ +H)		
(10)			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.6 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.34 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.20 (1H, m), 6.59 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.8 (8H, m), 8.26 (1H, d, J = 7.8Hz) Mass: 412 (M [†] +H)		
(11)			Mass: 412 (M +H) ¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.6 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.32 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.59 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.8 (8H, m), 8.32 (1H, d, J = 7.8Hz) Mass: 362 (M [†] +H)		
(12)			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.6 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.32 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 3.77 (3H, s), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.59 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 6.8-7.8 (8H, m), 8.29 (1H, d, J = 7.8Hz) Mass: 374 (M ⁺ +H)		
(13)		Cl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.6 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.32 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.05 (1H, m), 6.51 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 6.8-7.8 (8H, m), 8.22 (1H, d, J = 7.8Hz) Mass: 378 (M [†] +H)		
(14)		Н	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.6 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, t, J = 5.4Hz), 3.32 (2H, d, J = 3.2Hz), 3.4-3.5 (2H, m), 6.10 (1H, m), 6.58 (1H, d, J = 11.6Hz), 7.0-7.8 (9H, m), 8.27 (1H, d, J = 7.8Hz) Mass: 344 (M^{\dagger} +H)		

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of <u>Preparation</u>

5 17 and Preparation 20.

5

No. H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.6 (7H, m), 3.0-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 6.62 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 7.0-7.5 (6H, m), 7.82 (1H, |dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz|, 8.20 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz) Mass: 415 (M⁺+H) Cl (1)CH ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 6.62 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 7.0-7.6 (6H, m), 7.84 (1H, [dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz), 8.20 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz)Mass: 448 (M⁺+H) CH Cl CF₃ (2) ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 3.79 (3H, s), 6.59 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 6.8-7.4 (6H, $|m\rangle$, 7.84 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz), 8.20 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz) OMe |Mass: 410 (M⁺+H) Cl CH (3) ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 2.64 (3H, s), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 6.54 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 7.0-7.4(7H, m), 8.15 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz) Me CF₃ Mass: 428 (M⁺+H) (4) CH ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 2.64 (3H, s), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 3.79 (3H, s), 6.51 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 6.8-7.6 (7H, m), 8.16 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz) OMe Mass: 390 (M+H) CH Me ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 2.64 (3H, s), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 6.51 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 6.8-7.6 (7H, m), 8.16 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz) Mass: 374 (M⁺+H) (6) CH Me ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 2.64 (3H, s), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 6.51 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 6.8-7.6(7H, m), 8.16 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz) Mass: 394 (M⁺+H) Me Cl CH ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.8-2.8 (7H, m), 2.64 (3H, s), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.3-3.5 (2H, m), 6.51 (1H, d, J = 12Hz), 6.8-7.6(7H, m), 8.20 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz)Mass: 367 (M⁺+H) CH Me F ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 2.63 (3H, s), 2.7-2.9 (2H, m), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m), 3.4-3.6 (2H, m), 6.58 (1H, d, J = 16.2Hz), 6.8-7.6 (6H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J = 7.0Hz), 8.15 (1H, dd, J = 7.0, 1.4Hz)Mass: 378 (M⁺+H) Me

No.	X	R18	R ²⁴	
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.3-2.8 (7H, m), 3.2-3.5 (6H, m),
				6.45 (1H, d, J = 15Hz), 6.8-7.8 (7H, m), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(10)	N	Me	CN	Mass: 386 (M ⁺ +H)
-				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.3-2.8 (7H, m), 3.2-3.5 (6H, m),
				6.45 (1H, d, J = 15Hz), 6.8-7.8 (7H, m), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(11)	N	Me	Cl	Mass: 395 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (4H, m), 3.2-3.4 (4H, m),
1	}			[3.4-3.6 (2H, m), 6.62 (1H, d, J = 16Hz), 6.81 (2H, d, J = 8Hz),
				7.1-7.4 (4H, m), 7.84 (1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.20 (1H, dd, J =
				8,1.2Hz)
(12)	N	Cl	Cl	Mass: 416 (M+H)
			i.	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (4H, m), 3.2-3.4 (4H, m),
	1			3.4-3.6 (2H, m), 6.64 (1H, d, J = 16Hz), 6.7-7.4 (6H, m), 7.84 (1H,
44.5			L	dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.21 (1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz)
(13)	N	Cl	F	Mass: 399 (M ⁺ +H)
				1H NMR (200MHz, CDCl3):d ¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ ,
ļ				8):2.5-2.7(4H, m), 3.2-3.4(4H, m), 3.4-3.6(2H, m), 6.62(1H, d, J =
	ľ	1		16Hz), 6.7-7.4(6H, m), 7.84(1H, dd, J = 8,1.2Hz), 8.20(1H, dd, J =
(14)	N.T	CI	CNI	8,1.2Hz)
(14)	<u> </u>	Cl	CN	Mass: 406 (M+H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.5-2.7 (4H, m), 3.2-3.4 (4H, m),
				3.4-3.6 (2H, m), 6.52 (1H, d, J = 16Hz), 6.7-7.4 (8H, m), 8.28 (1H,
(15)	N.T	тт	CI	dd, J = 8,1.2Hz)
(15)	<u> </u>	H	CI	Mass: 381.(M ⁺ +H)

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 9.

If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

5 Preparation 17 and Preparation 20

10

15 ·

No.	R18	Het	T
		1,3-thiazol-2-yl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.4 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (6H, m), 3.34 (2H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 6.62 (1H, t, J=3.7 Hz), 7.23 (1H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.6-7.7 (2H, m), 7.77 (1H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 8.22 (1H, d, J=3.9 Hz), 12.22 (1H, br). Mass (APCI): 352.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(2)	1	1-methyl-1H- imidazol-2-yl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.69 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (6H, m), 3.32 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 5.97 (1H, t, J=3.4 Hz), 6.86 (1H, d, J=1.1 Hz), 7.02 (1H, d, J=1.1 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=8.2 Hz), 8.20 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz). Mass (APCI): 349.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(3)		1-methyl-1H- pyrazol-5-yl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=5.9 Hz), 2.69 (4H, t, J=5.8 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (4H, m), 3.31 (2H, q, J=3.1 Hz), 3.97 (3H, s), 5.89 (1H, br s), 6.20 (1H, d, J=1.9 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.43 (1H, d, J=1.8 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.23 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz). Mass (APCI): 350.00 (M ⁺ +H)
(4)	TT	2-thienyl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.3 Hz), 2.64 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (6H, m), 3.28 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 6.12 (1H, br s), 6.9-7.1 (2H, m), 7.15 (1H, d, J=4.9 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=6.7 Hz), 8.23 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz) Mass (APCI): 351.87 (M ⁺ +H)
		2-thienyl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.05 (2H, quint., J=6.0 Hz), 2.67 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (6H, m), 3.31 (2H, d, J=3.4 Hz), 6.12 (1H, t, J=3.5 Hz), 6.9-7.1 (2H, m), 7.15 (1H, d, J=4.9 Hz), 7.31 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 8.14 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz). Mass (APCI): 385.80 (M ⁺ +H)
		3-thienyl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=5.1 Hz), 2.64 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.29 (2H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 6.11 (1H, br s), 7.1-7.3 (3H, m), 7.41 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 12.47 (1H, br) Mass (APCI): 352.13 (M ⁺ +H)
(7)		3-thienyl	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.97 (2H, quint., J=7.0 Hz), 2.39 (2H, br), 2.4-2.5 (2H, m), 2.61 (2H, t, J=5.3 Hz), 2.73 (2H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 3.06 (2H, d, J=3.1 Hz), 6.01 (1H, br s), 6.9-7.1 (2H, m), 7.34 (1H, d, J=6.3 Hz), 7.38 (1H, t, J=7.8 Hz), 7.91 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.99 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz) Mass (API-ES): 386.2 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R18	Het	
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.04 (2H, quint., J=6.3 Hz), 2.22 (3H, s), 2.63 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.26 (2H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 6.07 (1H, t, J=3.6 Hz), 6.71 (1H, s), 6.83 (1H, s), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.5-7.8 (2H, m), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz)
(8)	H		Mass (APCI): 366.00 (M ⁺ +H)
(9)	Н		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.94 (2H, quint., J=7.0 Hz), 2.3-2.7 (11H, m), 3.08 (2H, br s), 6.31 (1H, br s), 7.15 (1H, d, J=3.9 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.76 (1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 7.82 (1H, d, J=4.0 Hz), 8.04 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 12.19 (1H, br s) Mass (APCI): 394.00 (M ⁺ +H)
(10)			¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.93 (2H, quint., J=7.3 Hz), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.04 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 5.98 (1H, br s), 6.87 (1H, d, J=3.9 Hz), 7.01 (1H, d, J=3.9 Hz), 7.43 (1H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=7.5 Hz), 7.76 (1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 8.05 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 12.20 (1H, br s) Mass (APCI): 385.87 (M [†] +H)
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.94 (2H, quint., J=7.2 Hz), 2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.09 (2H, d, J=2.9 Hz), 6.31 (1H, s), 7.20 (1H, d, J=3.9 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 7.76 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 7.86 (1H, d, J=4.0 Hz), 8.04
(11)			(1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 12.19 (1H, br) ¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.03 (2H, quint., J=6.3 Hz), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.63 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.26 (2H, d, J=3.1 Hz), 5.97 (1H, br s), 6.62 (1H, d, J=3.5 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J=3.5 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.23 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz) Mass (APCI): 365.93 (M ⁺ +H)
(12)			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.68 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (6H, m), 3.37 (2H, d, J=3.9 Hz), 6.69 (1H, t, J=3.4 Hz), 7.16 (1H, dd, J=7.4, 4.8 Hz), 7.3-7.5 (2H, m), 7.6-7.8 (3H, m), 8.22 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 8.57 (1H, d, J=3.9 Hz) Mass (API-ES): 347.2 (M ⁺ +H)
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz), 2.68 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (6H, m), 3.32 (2H, d, J=3.2 Hz), 6.15 (1H, br s), 7.28 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 4.9 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (3H, m), 8.22 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 8.50 (1H, d, J=4.8 Hz), 8.71 (1H, d, J=2.1 Hz), 12.60 (1H, br)
(14)		·	Mass (APCI): 347.13 (M ⁺ +H) ¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.9-2.1 (2H, m), 2.37 (2H, s), 2.45-2.8 (6H, m), 3.10 (2H, d, J=2.8 Hz), 6.15 (1H, s), 7.3-7.4 (3H, m), 7.90 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.97 (1H, dd, J=7.8, 1.4 Hz), 8.3-8.4 (2H, m), 12.44 (1H, br s)

No.	RIB	Het	
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.1 Hz),
1			2.68 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (6H, m), 3.33 (2H, d, J=3.3
			Hz), 6.33 (1H, br s), 7.33 (2H, d, J=6.2 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.4
			Hz), 7.64 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 8.22 (1H,
		1	d, J=7.9 Hz), 8.57 (2H, d, J=6.2 Hz), 12.49 (1H, br)
(16)	H	4-pyridinyl	Mass (API-ES): 347.3 (M ⁺ +H)

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>.

If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

5 Preparation 17 and Preparation 20.

No.	R18	X	Het	
			*	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.1-2.4
		1		(4H, m), 2.5-2.7 (3H, m), 2.8-3.0 (2H, m), 3.1-3.3 (2H, m),
		ł		6.32 (1H, br s), 7.3-7.5 (2H, m), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz),
	l	İ	1-methyl-1H-	7.72 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.27 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz)
(1)	H		pyrazol-5-yl	Mass (APCI): 361.93 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.9-2.4 (8H, m), 2.58 (2H, t,
				J=5.7 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (3H, m), 3.14 (2H, br d, J=5.0 Hz),
1		1	٠.	6.9-7.0 (2H, m), 7.15 (1H, d, J=6.3 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t),
				7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.27 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz)
(2)	H	CH	2-thienyl	Mass (APCI-ES): 354.3 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (4H, m), 2.2-2.4
	ļ	ŀ		(4H, m), 2.5-2.6 (2H, m), 2.6-2.8 (1H, m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m),
1				3.16 (2H, br d, J=5.4 Hz), 7.1-7.3 (3H, m), 7.42 (1H, t),
	1		Ì	7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.27 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz)
(3)	H	CH	3-Thienyl	Mass (APCI): 354.13 (M ⁺ +H)
		-		H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.9-2.3 (11H, m), 2.56 (2H,
				t, J=5.7 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (3H, m), 3.12 (2H, br d, J=7.3 Hz),
				6.71 (1H, s), 6.77 (1H, s), 7.42 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.62 (1H,
			4-methyl-2-	d, J=7.1 Hz), 7.71 (1H, t, J=6.7 Hz), 8.26 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz)
(4)	H	CH	thienyl	MS (APCI): 368.20 (M ⁺ +H)

Nο	R ¹⁸	X	Het	
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.9-2.3 (8H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.56 (2H, t, J=5.7 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (3H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.60 (1H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 6.73 (1H, d, J=3.3 Hz), 7.41 (1H, t,
				J=7.3 Hz), 7.5-7.8 (2H, m), 8.27 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz)
(5)	H	CH	thienyl	Mass (APCI): 368.13 (M+H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.87 (2H, br d, J=11.1 Hz), 1.99 (2H, quint., J=5.5 Hz), 2.1-2.4 (4H, m), 2.4-2.7 (3H, m), 2.9-3.0 (2H, m), 3.23 (2H, br d, J=9.4 Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, J=6.1 Hz), 7.44 (1H, t, J=8.9 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d), 7.72 (1H, t,
				J=6.8 Hz), 8.30 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 8.57 (1H, d, J=6.1 Hz)
(6)	H	CH	4-pyridinyl	Mass (APCI): 348.87 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.4 (4H, m), 7.40 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.48 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.7-8.2 (4H, m), 8.26 (1H, d, J = 1.2Hz)
(7)_	H	N	2-pyridinyl	Mass: 350(M+1)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.1-3.4 (2H, m), 6.61 (1H, m), 7.2-8.0 (6H, m), 8.51 (1H, m)
(8)	Cl	N	2-pyridinyl	Mass: 381(M+H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.2-3.4 (4H, m), 6.76 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.1-8.3 (3H, m)
(9)	H	N	4-pyridinyl	Mass: 350 (M ⁺ +H)
				¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.8 (8H, m), 3.1-3.4 (2H, m), 6.41 (1H, m), 7.3-7.5 (2H, m), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 8.3-8.6 (2H, m)
(10)	CL	N	4-pyridinyl	Mass: 381(M ⁺ +H)
(11)	17	N.T.	2	¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 3.3-3.4 (4H, m), 7.40 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.48 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.7-8.2 (3H, m), 8.26 (1H, d, J = 1.2Hz)
(11))H	ĮΝ	2-pyrazinyl	Mass: 351(M ⁺ +H)

Example 37

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 25.

5 (1) 8-Chloro-2-{3-[4-(2-thienyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.1-2.4 (2H, m), 2.7-2.9 (4H, m), 3.1-3.4 (2H,
m), 3.4-3.8 (3H, m), 3.9-4.1 (1H, m), 6.10 (1H, br s), 7.07 (1H, d, J=3.6 Hz), 7.20
(1H, d, J=3.6 Hz), 7.4-7.6 (2H, m), 7.95 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz),

10.20 (1H, br), 12.51 (1H, br s) Mass (APCI): 385.80 (M⁺+H)

- (2) 8-Chloro-2-{3-[4-(3-thienyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride
- ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.21 (2H, quint., J=8.2 Hz), 2.79 (4H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 3.1-3.4 (3H, m), 3.7-3.9 (2H, m), 3.9-4.1 (1H, m), 6.09 (1H, br s), 7.07 (1H, dd, J=7.0, 3.6 Hz), 7.19 (1H, d, J=3.0 Hz), 7.4-7.6 (2H, m), 7.95 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 10.53 (1H, br), 12.52 (1H, br s)

 Mass (APCI): 385.80 (M⁺+H)
- 8-Chloro-2-{3-[4-(4-pyridinyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}4(3H)-quinazolinone dihydrochloride

 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ): 6.79 (1H, s), 7.45 (1H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 7.87 (2H, d, J=6.6 Hz), 7.94 (1H, dd, J=7.9,1.4 Hz), 8.06 (1H, dd, J=7.9, 1.4 Hz), 8.77 (2H, d, J=6.6 Hz), 12.52 (1H, br s)

Example 38

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of <u>Preparation 17</u> and <u>Preparation 20</u>.

20

25

•		•	
No.	R18	Υ	
(1)	H	_h	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (2H, m), 2.4-3.0 (6H, m), 3.17 (2H, s), 3.55 (2H, t, J=5.3 Hz), 7.2-8.0 (8H, m), 12.21 (1H, brs) Mass (APCI): 419.2 (M [†] +Na)
(2)	H	`N	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (3H, m), 2.4-2.7 (1H, m), 2.79 (1H, t, J=9.8 Hz), 2.8-3.0 (5H, m), 3.27 (1H, q, J=9.7 Hz), 3.48 (1H, t, J=8.8 Hz), 3.72 (1H, quint., J=8.7 Hz), 7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J=6.8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.21 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz) Mass (APCI): 334.20 (M [†] +H)

NIC	R18	v	
μ۷Ο.	1/10	1	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.73
			(2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.8-2.9 (4H, m), 3.15 (2H, t, J=5.6
			Hz), 3.52 (2H, d, J=6.2 Hz), 6.01 (1H, t, J=6.2 Hz),
			7.1-7.5 (6H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.25 (1H, d, J=7.8
	L_ I		Hz)
(3)	H		Mass (APCI): 360:07 (M+H)
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.99 (2H, quint.,
ļ			J=5.3 Hz), 2.6-2.8 (2H, m), 2.8-3.1 (10H, m), 6.15
ŀ			(1H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 7.2-7.5 (6H, m), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m),
			8.25 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz)
(4)	H	. <u></u>	Mass (APCI): 360.07 (M ⁺ +H)
		·	H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.4-2.3 (10H, m),
			2.8-3.1 (7H, m), 7.1-7.4 (5H, m), 7.42 (1H, t, J=7.9
			Hz), 7.6-7.8 (2H, m), 8.28 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz)
(5)	H		Mass (APCI): 362.20 (M ⁺ +H)
-	F=-		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.24 (2H, quint.,
			J=7.2 Hz), 2.62 (2H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 4.10 (2H, t, J=6.8
		'n	Hz), 7.18 (1H, t), 7.34 (2H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 7.46 (1H, t),
			7.68 (1H, d), 7.7-7.9 (5H, m), 8.08 (1H, d, J=6.7 Hz),
		N \subseteq	12.19 (1H, br s)
(6)	H		Mass (APCI): 331.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(0)	<u> </u>		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (4H, m),
			2.3-2.7 (10H, m), 6.65 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.02 (2H, d,
		[J = 8Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, $J = 8Hz$), 7.61 (1H, d, $J =$
	1	N	8Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.08 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(7)	TT		Mass: 397 (M [†] +H)
(7)	H_		¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
}	ļ		2.4-3.2 (12H, m), 6.6-6.8 (2H, m), 6.8-7.0 (2H, m),
			7.3-7.8 (3H, m), 8.06 (1H, m)
1			Mass: 379 (M ⁺ +H)
(0)		_N>	Mass. 379 (M +H)
(8)	H		TY D C (200 MT - D) (20 L 2) (10 20 (2) m)
1	1		H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),
		_N	2.3-2.8 (12H, m), 7.06 (4H, m), 7.39 (1H, t, J =
			8Hz), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 8.02 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(9)	Cl		Mass: 368 (M+H)
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H,m),
			2.52 (3h, s), 2.4-2.8 (10H,m), 7.1-7.3 (4H, m), 7.31
1		N N	(1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.62 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.91 (1H, d, J)
			=8Hz)
(10)	Me		Mass: 334 (M ⁺ +H)

No.	R18	Y	
110.			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 2.06 (2H, quint., J=6.4 Hz), 2.20 (2H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 2.65 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 2.7-3.0 (8H, m), 3.20 (2H, br s), 7.1-7.3 (4H, m), 7.41 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz),
(11)	H		7.72 (1H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 8.22 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz) Mass (API-ES): 372.3 (M ⁺ +H)
			¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.8-2.1 (4H, m), 2.1-2.4 (4H, m), 2.4-2.6 (3H, m), 2.8-2.9 (7H, m), 7.13 (4H, t, J=4.9 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 8.22 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz)
(12)	H		Mass (APCI): 373.87 (M ⁺ +H)
(13)		N	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.45 (2H, br d, J=14.7 Hz), 2.03 (2H, quint., J=5.5 Hz), 2.4-2.8 (6H, m), 2.9-3.1 (2H, m), 3.20 (2H, br d, J=11.5 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J=5.7 Hz), 6.91 (1H, d, J=5.7 Hz), 7.2-7.4 (3H, m), 7.45 (1H, t, J=6.6 Hz), 7.65 (1H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 7.73 (1H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 7.87 (1H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 8.33 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 14.18 (1H, br) Mass (APCI): 372.07 (M ⁺ +H)
(14)		N	¹ H NMR (200MHz, CDCl ₃ , δ): 1.65 (2H, br s), 1.97 (2H, quint., J=5.4 Hz), 2.06 (2H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 2.2-2.6 (4H, m), 2.62 (2H, t, J=7.5 Hz), 2.8-3.1 (6H, m), 7.1-7.4 (3H, m), 7.43 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.6-7.8 (3H, m), 8.31(1H, d, J=7.9 Hz) Mass (APCI): 374.13 (M [†] +H)

Example 39

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 9</u>.

If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

<u>Preparation 17</u> and <u>Preparation 20</u>.

No.	R ¹⁵	R^{16}	R ¹⁸	R^{29}	
					¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H,m), 2.5-2.8
					(6H,m), 6.95 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.2-7.4 (4H, m), 7.79 (1H, d, J =
			:		8Hz), 7.95 ($1H$, d , $J = 8Hz$)
(1)	H	H_	Cl	H	Mass: 393 (M ⁺ +H)
					¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H,m), 2.5-2.8
					(8H, m), 3.62 (2H, m), 6.8-7.4 (5H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, $J = 8Hz$),
	Ì	1			7.90 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
(2)_	H	H	Me	H	Mass: 373 (M ⁺ +H)
					¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H,m), 2.5-2.8
					(8H,m), 2.52 (3H,s), 3.58 (3H, s), 6.8-7.4 (5H, m), 7.60 (1H, d, J
		1			= 8Hz), 7.88 (1H, d, $J = 8Hz$)
(3)	H	H	Me_	Me	Mass: 387 (M ⁺ +H)
					¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H,m), 2.5-2.8
		1	}		(8H, m), 3.89 $(3H, s)$, 6.8-7.5 $(6H, m)$, 7.62 $(1H, d, J = 8Hz)$
(4)	H	H	OMe	Η·	Mass: 389 (M ⁺ +H)
					H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H,m), 2.5-2.8
					(6H,m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.8-7.7 (7H, m)
(5)	CI	H	H	H	Mass: 393 (M ⁺ +H)
					¹ H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d ₆ , δ): 2.0-2.2 (2H,m), 2.5-2.8
1			1		(6H,m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.8-7.3 (4H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, $J = 8Hz$),
					7.78 (1H, dd, $J = 8,1.2Hz$), 7.96 (1H,d, $J = 1.2Hz$)
(6)	H	CI	H	H	Mass: 393 (M ⁺ +H)

Example 40

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of Example 9. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of

- 5 Preparation 17 and Preparation 20.
 - (1) 2-[(1-ethyl-3-azetidinyl)methyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.04 (3H, t, J = 7Hz), 2.5-3.3 (9H, m), 7.4-8.2 (4H, m)
 - Mass: 244 (M⁺+H)
- 10 (2) 2-[(1-ethyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone 1 H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.06 (3H, t, J = 8Hz), 2.2-2.8 (7H, m), 7.4-8.2 (4H, m)
 - Mass: 258 (M++H)
- (3) 2-{[1-(3-phenylpropyl)-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.6-1.9 (2H, m), 2.1-2.8 (10H, m), 7.0-7.3 (5H, m), 7.48 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.75 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.11 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

Mass: 348(M+H)

(4) 2-[(1-ethyl-4-piperidyl)methyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone 1 H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 0.95 (3H, t, J = 7Hz), 1.5-2.2 (4H, m), 2.32 (2H, q, J = 7Hz), 7.41 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.80 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.08 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

5 Mass: $272 (M^+ + H)$

- 2-{3-[4-ethynyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.7-2.2 (4H, m), 2.5-2.7 (2H, m), 2.7-2.9 (2H, m), 6.04 (1H, m), 7.40 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.57 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.75 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
- . 10 Mass: 294 (M⁺+H)
 - 2-{3-[4-phenylethynyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m),2.6-2.8 (4h, m), 3.78 (2H, s),
 7.2-8.2 (11H, m)
 Mass: 413 (M⁺+H)
 - 15 (7) 2-{3-[4-(1-naphthylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone 1 H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.7-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.4 (2H, m), 2.5-2.8 (6H, m), 3.0-3.2 (2H, m), 6.12 (1H, m), 7.3-7.5 (6H, m), 7.59 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.77 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 8Hz) Mass: 370 (M⁺+H)
 - 20 (8) 2-{3-[4-(ethylsulfonyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.14 (3H, t, J = 7.5Hz), 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.5-2.8 (4H, m), 2.99 (2H, q, J = 7.5Hz), 3.0-3.3 (4H, m), 7.40 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.75 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 8.09 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

 Mass: 365 (M⁺+H)
 - 25 (9) 2-{3-[4-(2-furoyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone 1 H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 6.6-6.7 (1H, m), 6.9-7.0 (1H, m), 7.48 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7,7-7.9 (2H, m), 8.09 (1H, m)
 Mass: 367 (M⁺+H)
 - 30 (10) 2-[3-(4-benzoyl-1-piperidyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone 1 H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.4-3.0 (15H, m), 7.4-7.9 (6H, m), 7.92 (2H, d, J = 8Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 8Hz) Mass: 376 (M⁺+H)
 - (11) 2-[3-(4-Phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)butyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone 35 Mass (ESI): 360.3 (M⁺+H)

WO 02/48117 PCT/JP01/10601

Example 41

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Example 25</u>. If necessary, the starting compounds of them were prepared in similar manners of <u>Preparation 17</u>, <u>Preparation 20</u>, <u>preparation 23-(2)</u> and <u>Example 9</u>.

- 5 (1) 2-(3-azetidinylmethyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.8-3.8 (5H, m), 7.4-8.2 (4H, m)

 Mass: 202 (M⁺+H)
- (2) 2-(3-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.6-1.9 (2H, m), 2.0-2.2 (2H, m), 2.3-3.3 (5H, m), 7.5-8.3 (4H, m)
 Mass: 230 (M⁺+H)
 - 2-(4-piperidylmethyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.5-2.3 (5H, m), 2.6-3.2 (6H, m), 7.5-8.0 (3H, m), 8.15 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
 Mass: 244 (M⁺+H)

Example 42

15

- 2-{[5-[(Benzyloxy)carbonylamino]hexanoyl]amino}benzamide (2.8 g, 7.3 mmol) was dissolved in 1N NaOH (36.5 mL) and dioxane. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The mixture was acidified with 6N HCl aqueous solution and extracted with AcOEt, washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The obtained powder was washed with ether to give 2-{5-[(benzyloxy)carbonylamino]pentyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone as colorless powder (1.99 g, 5.4 mmol, 75 %)
- 25 ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.48 (2H, t, J=7.9 Hz), 1.60 (2H, m), 1.89 (2H, quint. J=7.8 Hz), 2.74 (2H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 3.25 (2H, t, J=6.7 Hz), 4.86 (1H, br.s), 5.09 (2H, s), 7.39 (5H, m), 7.45 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 7.69 (2H, m), and 8.26 (1H, d, J=6.9 Hz) Mass (m/z): 366(M⁺+1)

30 Example 43

- 2-{5-[(Benzyloxy)carbonylamino]pentyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone (500 mg, 1.37 mmol) and 10% Pd-C (50 mg) was suspended in THF/MeOH (1:1, 20 mL). The mixture was hydrogenated at 3 atm of hydrogen for 8hours. After filtration of Pd-C, the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was washed with methanol and ether to give
- 35 2-(5-aminopentyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone (136 mg, 0.59 mmol, 43 %) as colorless powder.

 ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.36 (4H, s), 1.71 (2H, s), 2.51 (4H, s), 7.44 (1H, d,

WO 02/48117 PCT/JP01/10601

J=7.0Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J=8.5Hz), 7.76 (1H, t, J=7.7Hz), and 8.07 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz)

Example 44

To a solution of 2-(5-aminopentyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone (100mg, 0.432mmol) in 5 ethanol (5 mL) benzamide (45.9 mg, 0.432 mmol) was added. After stirring for 30 minutes at room temperature, sodium brohydride was added to the mixture, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours.

The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt and washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residual colorless powder was purified with preparative TLC to give 2-(N-benzyl-5-aminopentyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone (24 mg, 0.075 mmol, 17 %) as colorless powder.

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃, δ): 1.50 (2H, m), 1.61 (2H, m), 1.88 (2H, quint, J=7.6Hz), 2.66 (2H, t, J=7.0 Hz), 2.75 (2H, t, J=7.7 Hz), 3.79 (2H, s), 7.25-7.32 (5H, m), 7.45 (1H, t, J=8.0 Hz), 7.68 (1H, t, J=8.1 Hz), 7.76 (1H, t, J=7.0 Hz), and 8.27 (1H, d, J=6.5Hz)

Mass (m/z): 322 $(M^{+}+1)$

Example 45

15

- The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to those of <u>Preparation 31</u>, <u>Example 42</u> and <u>Example 43</u>.
 - 2-(3-aminopropyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.4-3.3 (4H, m), 7.2-8.2 (4H, m)
- 25 Mass: 204 (M⁺+H)
 - (2) 2-(3-aminoethyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.4-2.9 (4H, m), 7.2-8.2 (4H, m)

 Mass: 190 (M[†]+H)
- (3) 2-(3-aminomethyl)-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 30 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 7.2-8.2 (4H, m)
 Mass: 176 (M⁺+H)

Example 46

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to those of <u>Preparation</u> 35 31, <u>Example 42</u>, <u>Example 43</u> and <u>Example 25</u>.

(1) 2-[(1E)-3-amino-3-methyl-1-butenyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone hydrochloride

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.41 (3H, s), 1.64 (3H, s), 6.50 (1H, d, J = 16Hz), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 16Hz), 7.3-8.3 (4H, m)

Mass: 230 (M[†]+H)

5 Example 47

10

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to those of <u>Preparation 31</u>, <u>Example 42</u>, <u>Example 43</u> and <u>Example 44</u>.

- (1) 2-{3-[methyl(3-phenylpropyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.6-2.0 (4H, m), 2.20 (3H, m), 2.2-2.8 (8H, m), 7.0-8.0(8H, m)
 - Mass: 336 (M+H)
- (2) 2-{3-[(4-phenylbutyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.2-1.8 (8H, m), 2.3-2.6 (6H, m), 7.0-7.8 (9H, m), 8.07 (1H,d, J = 8Hz)
- 15 Mass: $336 (M^+ + H)$
 - (3) 2-{3-[(3-phenylpropyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.6-2.0 (4H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 7.0-7.8 (8H, m), 8.07 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

 Mass: 322 (M⁺+H)
- 20 (4) 2-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.6-2. 0(2H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 7.0-7.8 (8H, m), 8.08 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

 Mass: 308 (M⁺+H)
- (5) 8-methyl-2-{3-[(3-phenylpropyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 1 H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.6-2.0 (4H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.4-2.7 (8H, m),

 7.0-7.4 (6H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.89 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

 Mass: 336 (M⁺+H)
- (6) 2-{3-[(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.4-2.8 (4H, m), 3.66 (2H, s),
 6.8-7.8 (13H, m), 8.08 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
 Mass: 386 (M⁺+H)
- 35 Mass: 370 (M⁺+H)
 - (8) 2-{3-[(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone

¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.4-2.8 (4H, m), 3.72 (2H, s), 7.2-7.8 (12H, m), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
Mass: 370 (M⁺+H)

(9) 2-{3-[(1,1'-biphenyl-4-ylmethyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 5 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.4-2.9 (4H, m), 3.76 (2H, s),
 7.2-7.8 (12H, m), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)
 Mass: 370 (M⁺+H)

Example 48

- The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to those of <u>Preparation</u> 31, Example 42, Example 43, Example 44 and Example 25.
- 2-{3-[(1H-benzimidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone dihydrochloride
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 2.2-2.9 (4H, m), 4.72 (2H, s), 7.2-7.8 (6H, m), 8.0-8.2 (2H, m), 8.2-8.3 (1H, m)
 Mass: 334 (M⁺+H)

Example 49

The following compounds are prepared in a similar manner to that of <u>Preparation</u> 20 31, Example 42, Example 43 and Example 44.

- (1) 2-[3-(diethylamino)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 0.94 (6H, t, J = 7.4Hz), 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.3-2.7 (8H, m), 7.44 (1H, t, J = 8.2Hz), 7.57 (1H, d, J = 8.2Hz), 7.76 (1H, d, J = 8.2Hz), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 8.2Hz)
- 25 Mass: 260 (M⁺+H)
 - 2-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-ylamino)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.4-3.0 (9H, m), 6.8-8.0 (8H, m)
- (3) 2-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-ylamino)propyl]-8-methyl-4(3H)-quinazolinone

 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H,m), 2.51 (3H, s), 2.6-2.8 (4H,m),

 7.1-7.3 (4H, m), 7.29 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.62 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

 Mass: 334 (M[†]+H)
- (4) 2-{3-[2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl(methyl)amino]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone
 ¹H NMR (200MHz, DMSO-d₆, δ): 1.8-2.0 (2H, m), 2.18 (3h, s), 2.2-3.3 (9H, m),
 7.0-7.2 (4H, m), 7.38 (1H, t, J = 8Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J = 8Hz), 7.78 (1H, t, J = 8Hz),
 8.05 (1H, d, J = 8Hz)

PCT/JP01/10601

CLAIMS

1. A compound of the formula:

5

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH
 N
 L
 R^1

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

- or its prodrug, or their salts.
 - 2. The compound according to claim 1, wherein R² is halogen, nitro, amino, acylamino, aryl(lower)alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, acyl, or cyclic amino group optionally substituted with lower alkyl.
- 3. The compound according to claim 2, wherein R¹ is (1) cyclic amino group optionally substituted with one or more substituent(s) selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, amino, oxo, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl(lower)alkyl, aryl(lower)alkynyl, acyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, optionally substituted heteroaryl and optionally substituted aryl, or (2) amino optionally substituted with 1 or 2 substituent(s) selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl(lower)alkyl, aryl(lower)alkoxycarbonyl and aryl(lower)alkyl optionally substituted with aryl or aryloxy.

30

20

- 4. The compound according to claim 3, wherein R¹ is cyclic amino group optionally substituted with optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted aryl.
- The compound according to claim 4, wherein
 R¹ is cyclic amino group with saturated or unsaturated monocyclic group with one or

more nitrogen atom(s), which is substituted with optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted aryl.

6. The compound according to claim 5, wherein

.15

25

35

- R¹ is tetrahydropyridyl, piperidyl or piperazinyl, each of which is substituted with optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted aryl.
- The compound according to any one of claims 4, 5 and 6, wherein substituent(s) of optionally substituted heteroaryl is lower alkyl, halogen, cyano or acyl, or substituent(s) of optionally substituted aryl is halogen, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, nitro, amino, lower alkyl, hydroxy(lower)alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkylthio, halo(lower)alkyl, lower alkylamino, acylamino, halo(lower)alkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, or acyl.
 - 8. The compound according to claim 3, wherein R¹ is cyclic amino groups with saturated and unsaturated fused cyclic groups, which is substituted with optionally substituted lower alkyl.
- 20 9. The compound according to any one of claims 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, wherein L is trimethylene.
 - 10. The compound according to claim 9, which is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (1) 5-chloro-2-[3-(4-phenyl-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (2) 2-{3-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3,6-dihydropyridin-1(2H)-yl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (3) 8-methyl-2-{3-[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
- 30 (4) 8-chloro-2-{3-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (5) 8-chloro-2-{(1E)-3-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl]-1-propenyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (6) 8-Chloro-2-{[4-(4-pyridinyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl] propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,
 - (7) 2-{3-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,

(8) 2-{3-[4-(4-pyridyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl}-4(3H)-quinazolinone,

- (9) 2-[3-(1,4,5,6-Tetrahydrobenzo[f]isoquinolin-3(2H)-yl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone, and
- (10) 8-methyl-2-[3-(1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-2H-pyrido[3,4-b]indol-2-yl)propyl]-4(3H)-quinazolinone.
- 11. A process for preparing a compound of the formula:

$$10 \qquad \qquad (R^2)_n \qquad \qquad NH \qquad \qquad N$$

5

wherein R^1 is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

15 R² is substituent, n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

or its prodrug, or their salts, which comprises,

20 (1) reacting the formyl group of the compound (II) of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH L^1 CHO

or its aminal derivative, or their salt, and imino group of the compound (IV) of the formula:

R¹-H

or its salt, in the presence of a reducing agent to provide a compound of the formula:

$$(\mathbb{R}^2)_n$$
 NH \mathbb{R}^1

or its salt, in the above formulae, $R^{1}, R^{2}, n \text{ and } L \text{ are each as defined above, and } L^{1} \text{ is lower alkylene or lower}$

WO 02/48117 PCT/JP01/10601

alkenylene delating a methylene group from the end of the one defined in L, or (2) subjecting the compound (III) of the following formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 $CONH_2$ R^1

5

10

20

25

30

or its salt, to cyclization reaction in the presence of base to provide a compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 NH NH R^1

or its salt, in the above formurae, R¹, R², n and L are each as defined above.

15 12. A pharmaceutically composition comprising a compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n$$
 N
 N
 R^1

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene, or its prodrug, or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective for inhibiting PARP activity.

- 13. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 12 for treating or preventing diseases ascribed by NMDA- and NO-induced toxicity.
- 14. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 12 for extending the lifespan or proliferative
 35 capacity of cells or altering gene expression of senescent cells

15

25

30

15. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 13 for treating or preventing tissue damage resulting from cell damage or death due to necrosis or apoptosis; neural tissue damage resulting from ischemia and reperfusion injury, neurological disorders and neurodegenerative diseases; neurodegenerative diseases; head trauma; stroke; Alzheimer's disease; Perkinson's disease; epilepsy; Amyotrophic Lateral Scleosis 5 (ALS); Huntington's disease; schizopherenia; chronic pain; ischemia and nloss following hypoxia; hypoglycemia; ischemia; trauma; nervous insult; previously ischemic heart or skeleton muscle tissue; radiosensitizing hypoxic tumor cells; tumor cells from recovering from potentially lethal damage of DNA after radiation therapy; skin aging; atheroscleosis; osteoarthritis; osteoporosis; muscular dystrophy; 10 degenerative diseases of skeletal muscle involving replicative senescence; age-related macular degeneration; immune senescence; AIDS; and other immune senescencediseases; inflammatory bowel disorders (e.g., colitis); arthritis; diabetes; endotoxic shock; septic shock; and tumor.

16. A method of inhibiting PARP activity comprising administering a compound of the formula:

$$(R^2)_n \longrightarrow NH$$

$$N \longrightarrow L$$

$$R^1$$

wherein R¹ is optionally substituted cyclic amino groups or optionally substituted amino group,

R² is substituent,

n means an integer from 0 to 4, and

L is lower alkylene or lower alkenylene,

or its prodrug, or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said compound is present in an amount effective for inhibiting PARP activity.

PCT/JP 01/10601

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 C07D239/90 C07D401/06 C07D471/04 C07D417/14 C07D401/14
C07D409/14 C07D403/06 A61K31/517 A61P25/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 7 C07D A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

CHEM ABS Data, EPO-Internal

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to daim No.	
X	GB 1 331 522 A (BYK GULDEN LOMBERG CHEMISCHE FABRIK) 26 September 1973 (1973-09-26) the whole document	1,12,15	
X	SAARI W S ET AL: "SYNTHESIS AND EVALUATION OF 2-PYRIDINONE DERIVATIVES AS HIV-1- SPECIFIC REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE INHIBITORS.2.ANALOGUES OF 3-AMINOPYRIDIN-2(1H)-ONE" JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY, AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY. WASHINGTON, US, vol. 35, no. 21, 16 October 1992 (1992-10-16), pages 3792-3802, XP000572378 ISSN: 0022-2623 table I, compound 15	1,12,15	

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members are listed in annex.
Special categories of cited documents: A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means P' document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	 'T' later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention 'X' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone 'Y' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. '&' document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
23 April 2002	10/05/2002
Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Beslier, L

PCT/JP 01/10601

		PC1/3F 01/	10001
	Ition) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	· ·	Relevant to claim No.
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Helevani to Gaini No.
Х	WO 94 07869 A (ZENECA LTD.) 14 April 1994 (1994-04-14) claims 1-10		1,12,15
A	CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 99, no. 13, 26 September 1983 (1983-09-26) Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 98829, AHMED, H. M. S.: "Studies on some pharmacological properties of certain 2,3-disubstituted 4(3H)-quinazolinone derivatives" XPO02197144 abstract & BULL. FAC. PHARM. (CAIRO UNIV.) (1982), VOLUME DATE 1980, 19(1), 11-21, 1982,		1-16
A · ·	WO 98 33802 A (NEWCASTLE UNIVERSITY VENTURES LTD.) 6 August 1998 (1998-08-06) cited in the application the whole document		1-16
Α	WO 95 24379 A (CANCER RESEARCH CAMPAIGN TECHNOLOGY LTD.) 14 September 1995 (1995-09-14) cited in the application the whole document		1–16
A .	WO 99 11624 A (GUILFORD PHARMACEUTICALS) 11 March 1999 (1999-03-11) cited in the application the whole document		1–16

Information on patent family members

PCT/JP 01/10601

Patent document sited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
00. 1001500		26 00 1072	רב	2027645 A1	09-12-1971
GB 1331522	Α	26-09-1973	DE		
			ΑT	318628 B	11-11-1974
			ΑT	317899 B	25-09-1974
			ΑT	318615 B	11-11-1974
			BE	768137 A1	06-12-1971
		•	CA	951319 A1	16-07-1974
					31-01-1975
			CH	558374 A	_
			CH	569732 A5	28-11-1975
			CH	557829 A	15-01-1975
			FR	2100726 A5	24-03-1972
			LÜ	63267 A1	23-08-1972
			NL	7107695 A	07-12-1971
					05-10-1976
			US	3984555 A	
WO 9407869	Α	14-04-1994	ΑÚ	4829793 A	26-04-1994
			WO	9407869 A1	14-04-1994
			GB	2271111 A	06-04-1994
			MX	9306034 A1	30-06-1994
•				9306768 A	30-03-1994
			ZA	9300/08 A	30-03-1334
WO 9833802	Α	06-08-1998	AU	5873998 A	25-08-1998
			EP	0966476 A1	29-12-1999
			WO	9833802 A1	06-08-1998
			JP	2001511776 T	14-08-2001
					05-12-2000
			US 	6156739 A	02-17-5000
WO 9524379	Α.	14-09-1995	AT	184271 T	15-09-1999
			AT	210651 T	15-12-2001
		•	AU	693167 B2	25-06-1998
			AU	1856595 A	25-09-1995
•					14-09-1995
			CA	2184747 A1	
			CN	1143358 A ,B	19-02-1997
* *			DE	69512036 D1	14-10-1999
			DE	69512036 T2	30-12-1999
			DE	69524641 D1	24-01-2002
			DK	749415 T3	20-03-2000
			DK	879820 T3	02-04-2002
					27-12-1996
			EP	0749415 A1	
			EP	0879820 A1	25-11-1998
			EP	0897915 Al	24-02-1999
			ES	2135707 T3	01-11-1999
			WO	9524379 A1	14-09-1995
			GR	3031886 T3	29-02-2000
					28-10-1997
•				9510704 T	
			JP		
			US	6015827 A	18-01-2000
·					13-11-2001
			US	6015827 A	
		11 02 1000	US US US	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	A	11-03-1999	US US US US	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	.—— А	11-03-1999	US US US US AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
 WO 9911624		11-03-1999	US US US US AU AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	 А	11-03-1999	US US US US AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
 WO 9911624	.——— А	11-03-1999	US US US US AU AU AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	A	 11–03–1999	US US US US AU AU AU AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A 9298198 A 9298698 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	A	 11-03-1999	US US US AU AU AU AU AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A 9298198 A 9298698 A 9299198 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	A	 11–03–1999	US US US AU AU AU AU AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A 9298198 A 9298698 A 9299198 A 9374898 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
WO 9911624	Α	11-03-1999	US US US AU AU AU AU AU BR	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A 9298198 A 9298698 A 9299198 A 9374898 A 9812428 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998
	Α	11-03-1999	US US US AU AU AU AU AU	6015827 A 6316455 B1 5756510 A 2002022636 A1 9297898 A 9298098 A 9298198 A 9298698 A 9299198 A 9374898 A	13-11-2001 26-05-1998

Information on patent family members

PCT/JP 01/10601

Patent document clted in search report	Publication date			Publication date
WO 9911624 A	<u> </u>	EP 101214		28-06-2000
		EP 101215		28-06-2000
		HU 000469		28-10-2001
		NO 2000100		27-04-2000
		PL 33908	32 A1	04-12-2000
		TR 20000155	57 T2	22-01-2001
	•	WO 991162	23 A1	11-03-1999
		WO 991164	19 A2	11-03-1999
		WO 991162	22 A1	11-03-1999
•		WO 991164	14 A1	11-03-1999
		WO 99116		11-03-1999
•		WO 991162	28 A1	11-03-1999
		US 619778	85 B1	06-03-2001
		US 20020288		07-03-2002
		US 61212		19-09-2000
		US 62357		22-05-2001
5.		ZA 98080		03-03-1999
		ZA 98080		03-03-1999
· .		ZA 98080		03-03-1999
	·	ZA 98080		03-03-1999
		ZA 98080		03-03-1999